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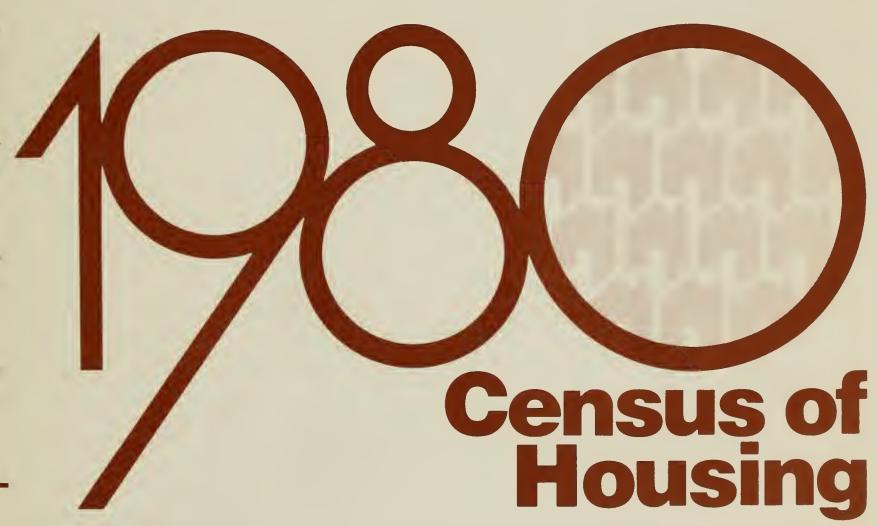
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Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

CASPER, WYO.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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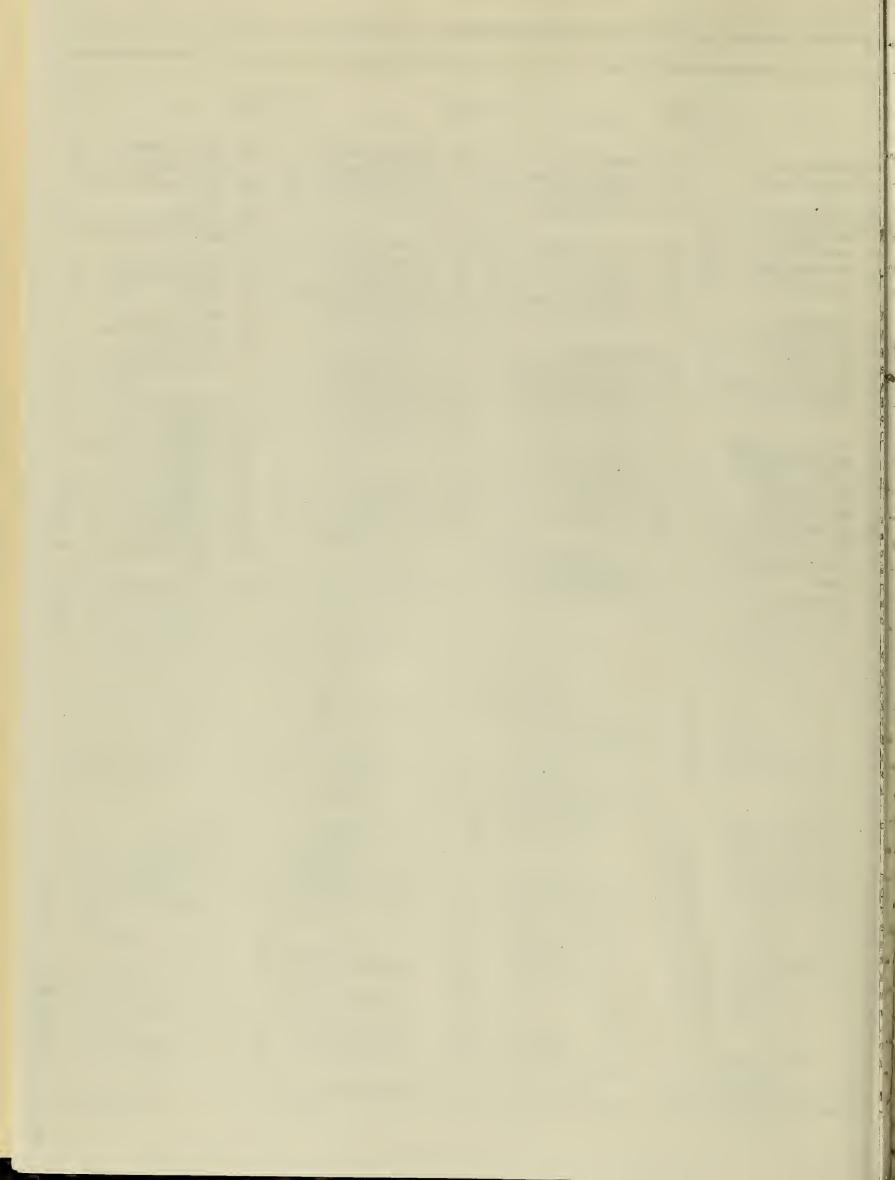
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GENERAL

This report is part of the Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were ntroduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the echnical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Densus, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other ublications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Charactertics series consists of a United States Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

CASPER, WYO.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-111

Contents

Arrangement of Tables
This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each
central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more.
The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for
each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for
all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant
units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate
race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish
origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown
only when certain population criteria are met. See page VI
of the Introduction for further information. To assist the
reader in using this report, the listings are presented as
follows:

Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables for each geographic area appear and the pages on	Page
which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear	ıx
List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	. ×
Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	. XII
Map—Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places	. XIV

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Tables for the total SMSA have the prefix letter "A"; tables for central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, in alphabetical order, have the prefix letter "B," "C," etc.

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		· Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages
SMSA total Casper	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24	=		_	_	Ξ

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(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

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- 31. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
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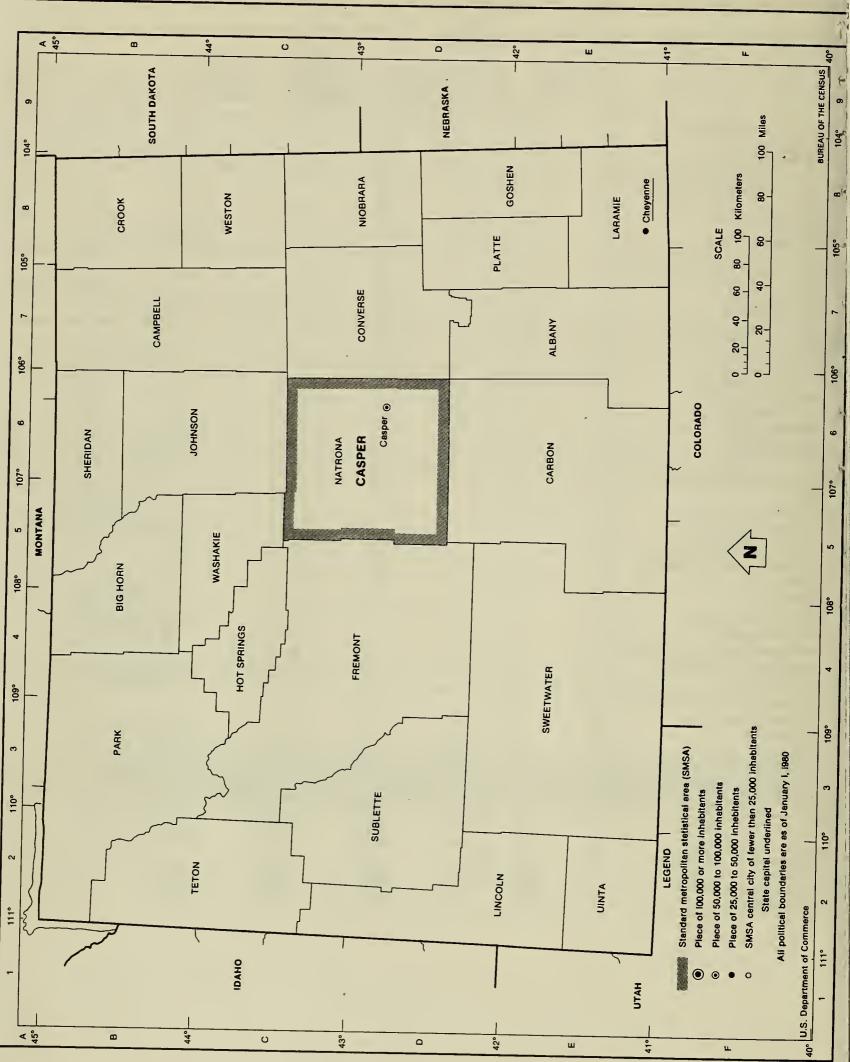
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Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium						
Year moved into unit	1	2	3	4	_ 5	Ė
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms						•
Persons in unit	1	2	_	-	5	6
Bedrooms	1	2	_	_	5 _	6
Median rooms	1	2	3	4	5	6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Units in structure Year structure built	_	2	-	-	-	_
Stories in structure	1 -	2 2	_	_	5	6
LUMBING CHARACTERISTICS						
Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	_
QUIPMENT AND FUELS						-
Heating equipment	1	2	3	4	5	6
Vehicles available	_	2	3	4	5	6
House heating fuel	-	_	3	4	_ 5	_ 6
Water heating fuel	-	-	-	-	_	-
INANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Value	-	-	- i	-	5	6
Mortgage status and selected	-	_	-	-	-	-
monthly owner costs	-	- 1	3	_	_	
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income						
Contract rent		_	-	-	5	6
Gross rent	-	-	_	4	_	_
Rent askedGross rent as percentage of	- 1	-	-	_	_	_
household income	_	2				
Mortgage status and selected monthly		-	_	4	-	-
owner costs as percentage of household income						
	1		3		-	-
OUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of						
householder	1	2	3			
Income	1		_	4 _	5 _	6
Income below poverty level	1	2	-	-	_	
ne table numbers listed above show data for e race or Spanish origin group, or if the group	or all househ up comprises	olds. Similar da 10 percent of t	ta are shown in the to he area population.	ables listed below wh For further explanat	nen there are 10,000 ion, see the Introduc	or more persons of
White	14	15	16			
Black	25	26	27	17 28	18 29	19 30
A					23	30
American Indian, Eskimo, and	20					
American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	36 47	37 48	38 49	39 50	40	41 52

subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
CCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8 8	<u>-</u> -	_ _	_	_ _	=
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	- 10 - -	- - - -	12 - 12 12	. 13
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 _ _	_ _ _	9 –		11 - -	12 12 -	13 13 —
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	7 7 - 7 -	8 8 8 8	-	- - - - -	- - - - -	12 - - - -	- - - - -
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	1	<u>-</u>	9 –	_	<u>-</u>	_ 12	=
monthly owner costs	- - - -	- - -	9 - 9	- - -	11 11 - 11	- - - - 12	- - - -
Gross rent as percentage of household income	_	-	9	10	11	-	
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	- 9 9	- - -	_ 11 11	- - -	- - -
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro							
White	20 31	21 32	22 33	23 34	24 35	_ _ _	=
Aleut	42 53 64	43 54 65	44 55 66	45 56 67	46 57 68	- - -	=



CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

- In tables where the median age for total persons in owner-occupied and renter-occupied housing units is shown as 051, the correct entry should be three dots (...).
- 2. The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative Income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

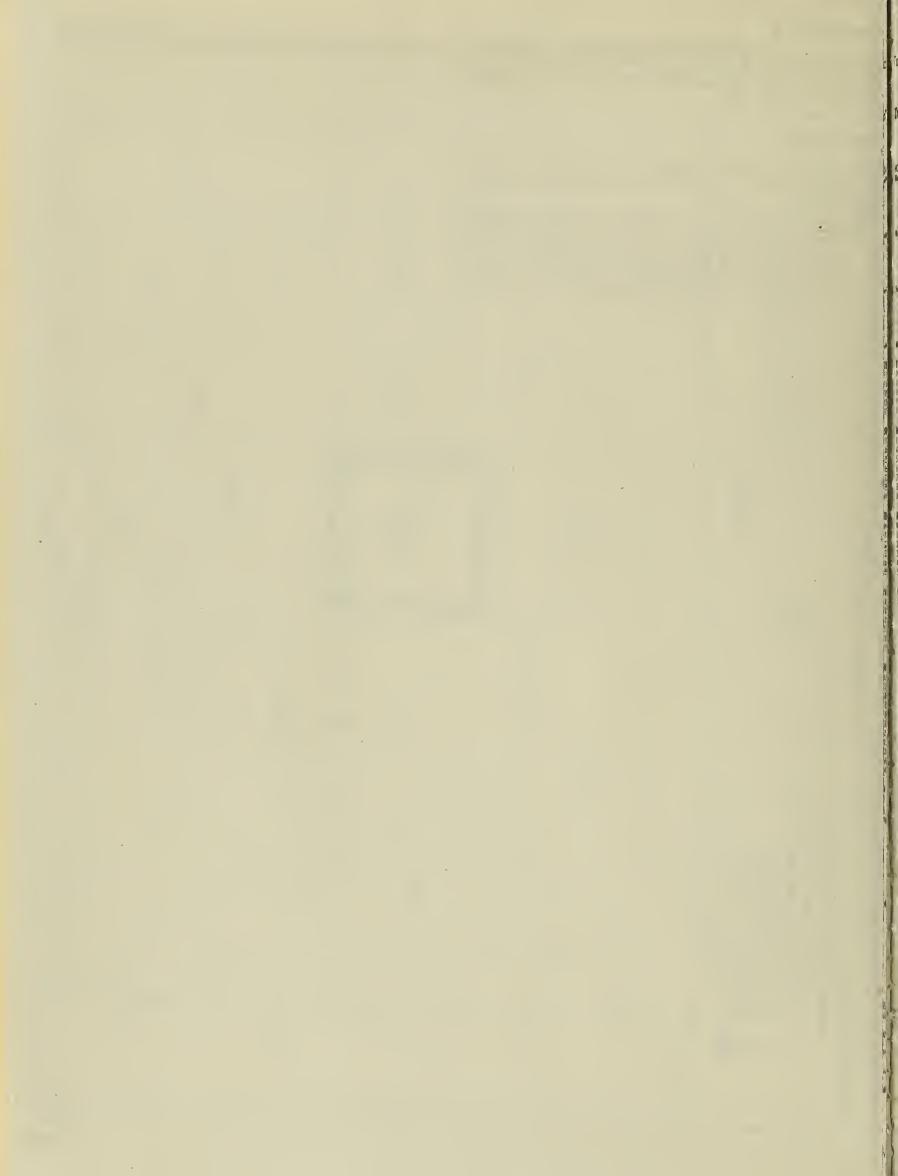


Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Luata are estimat	es posed on	a sample, see		. TOT THEOTHER	g 01 3ymbols,	, see minouoe			ma, acc appear	once a dire of		
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 ta \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	14 062	30	132	305	542	1 242	2 005	5 061	2 716	1 618	411	70 600	76 00 0
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	11 142 358 3 424 2 372 3 995 993 1 272 108 503	18 - 8 - 10 12 -	78 7 10 12 43 6 21	200 16 22 30 87 45 57	328 89 21 122 96 53	803 55 164 88 302 194 182 9	1 357 72 447 225 419 194 200 25	4 173 175 1 577 802 1 311 308 482 62 254	2 373 33 789 564 940 47 181 6	1 431 	381 	73 300 62 300 72 800 80 300 75 400 56 000 63 200 62 900 68 400	79 200 60 800 75 100 89 500 82 400 62 600 65 100 67 400 70 700
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Median age	225 243 193 1 648 16 188 227 666 551 43.5	12 - - - - - 72.1	7 12 2 33 - - 3 2 28 60.0	3 34 15 48 - 5 27 16 58.6	10 10 19 161 12 7 23 60 59 53.3	26 45 50 257 - 38 23 78 118 54.4	30 47 39 448 49 72 190 133 45.7	68 56 42 406 - 66 48 174 118 38.9	45 26 14 162 17 28 81 36 41.2	36 6 - 110 - 6 25 36 43 43.1	7 23 - 5 - 18 - 49.9	69 000 52 600 49 800 56 800 38 300 60 000 57 700 58 500 53 500	73 500 57 300 49 100 62 900 42 500 64 800 65 800 66 400 57 300
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 ar earlier	2 893 4 904 1 781 2 325 2 159	8 - - 7 15	7 17 18 32 58	5 53 39 62 146	78 111 67 132 154	141 282 136 310 373	235 605 271 367 527	1 259 1 715 602 892 593	725 1 155 333 334 169	336 823 236 120 103	99 143 79 69 21	75 400 76 400 70 700 64 800 55 400	81 400 82 400 79 700 69 000 58 800
## ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion	220 1 347 2 975 2 720 2 423 4 377 6.4	7 13 10 5.1	14 59 51 7 - 1 4.4	26 137 82 38 10 12 4.4	46 203 135 102 29 27 4.7	38 430 345 278 94 57 4.9	25 257 836 488 228 171 5.4	36 184 1 179 1 163 1 114 1 385 6.5	16 36 200 430 671 1 363 7.5	12 41 104 158 237 1 066 8.1	- 30 56 30 295 8.5+	43 900 46 200 60 300 66 400 75 100 87 200	50 400 48 200 62 300 70 500 79 200 96 900
BEDROOMS None	11 332 3 062 5 942 3 502 1 213	7 10 13 - -	30 67 34 -	49 167 73 16	7 47 298 147 29 14	72 713 373 52 32	46 658 1 063 215 23	4 53 863 2 422 1 330 389	10 161 1 108 1 113 324	- 18 99 570 619 312	- 26 139 128 118	38 900 42 800 53 200 69 600 81 800 88 800	50 200 47 300 56 200 75 500 88 200 101 500
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	4 136 1 059 1 891 4 003 1 068 1 905	8 - - - - 22	7 - 47 9 69	12 - 24 29 65 175	24 - 28 144 143 203	53 27 77 477 221 387	134 85 151 1 041 240 354	1 469 408 903 1 568 292 421	1 381 249 392 449 62 183	854 218 260 185 29 72	194 72 56 63 7 19	84 800 80 700 74 700 62 700 52 900 52 200	92 200 91 600 83 000 66 800 55 900 56 000
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median	549 1 050 488 449 1 377 2 036 4 104 2 626 1 383 \$27 433 \$30 112	7 23 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	22 34 3 14 25 17 10 7 7 - \$13 750 \$14 240	43 38 45 24 45 19 56 35 - \$15 781 \$18 207	53 127 30 33 71 99 91 38 - \$17 663 \$17 588	155 209 79 85 237 163 171 115 28 \$16 510 \$18 757	100 176 76 129 252 457 562 204 49 \$22 364 \$23 395	70 272 157 87 465 908 1 879 918 305 \$27 860 \$28 738	22 75 44 64 165 268 865 818 395 \$33 185 \$36 934	61 58 48 13 75 85 441 416 421 \$35 791 \$42 472	16 38 6 - 42 20 29 75 185 \$45 251 \$52 550	49 700 54 400 60 600 53 800 61 400 65 100 72 300 79 900 96 500 	60 200 61 300 63 400 57 700 66 800 67 400 75 700 84 600 110 100
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 14 percent 25 to 29 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not computed Median Median	10 888 3 579 2 084 1 934 1 364 580 1 329 18 19.5 3 174 1 936 505 265 214 54 42 142 16	30 7 7 - 13.3	33 15 6 3 9 -16.3 99 44 8 19 8 5 1 14 13.4	105 64 13 7 8 3 10 14.0 200 141 28 6 6 6 9 10	306 84 42 42 54 18 66 -23.2 236 142 39 19 -3 10 23 -10	688 264 129 83 52 42 118 - 18.1 554 274 120 68 36 13 10	1 406 474 236 270 216 43 167 19,9 368 108 52 49 16 6	4 259 1 389 783 794 580 258 442 13 19.7 802 514 116 86 34 25 9	2 427 758 468 458 329 134 280 - 19.9 289 197 47 - 45 - -	1 362 411 356 261 98 64 167 5 18.8 256 186 6 15 25 - 6 18	302 120 51 19 27 15 70 - 18.0 109 70 10 - 11 8	73 400 72 100 75 800 74 700 72 800 73 600 70 100 73 500 57 300 60 000 53 500 62 500 68 300 37 000 47 400 49 000	79 100 78 900 81 400 78 400 76 200 79 500 79 500 79 800 83 600 57 000 53 500 77 500 73 800 51 800 51 300 51 300
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	14 050 184 12 - 14 062 13 374 4 037 1 109 495 3.5	23 - 7 30 18 - - -	132 12 - 132 92 28 - 16 12.1	305 7 - 305 166 83 11 22 7.2	542 40 542 465 159 8 35 6.5	1 237 2 5 5 7 1 242 1 125 346 71 139 11.2	2 005 31 2 005 1 864 567 98 56 2.8	5 061 79 - 5 061 4 933 1 449 261 85 1,7	2 716 7 - 2 716 2 709 724 236 47 1.7	1 618 6 - 1 618 1 597 496 282 58 3.6	411 	70 700 60 000 10000— 70 600 71 700 70 600 87 600 56 600	76 100 57 200 24 200 76 000 77 500 79 400 103 900 72 500

Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

{Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Data are estimated	res basea on a	somple, see in	irroduction. Fo	or meaning or	symbols, see ir	irroduction. Fo	or definitions o	r terms, see of	ppendixes A on	0 0]	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Median (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	6 901	268	348	582	777	832	941	909	1 362	625	257	327
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	2 572	ij	55	136	213	189	362 175	352	756	355	143	385
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	709 1 018	6	21 12	63 38	84 69	75 71 9	109	120 143 38	109 364 138	61 157 73	- 49	332 410
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	362 412 71	4	14 8	17 15 3	17	14 20	46 24 8	51	133	, 64	24 50 20	430 412 293
Male householder, no wife present	2 324 885	47	90 37	206 48	295 99	360 123	324 159	328 98	403 226	207 74	64 21	293 320 339
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	900 184	-	21 -	102 18	117 39	158 42	107 15	169 27	123 29	85 14	18	320 272
45 to 64 years65 years and over	229 126	9 38	22 10	15 23	21 19	31	35 8	22 12	25	34	15 10	313 164
Female householder, no husband present	2 005 554	210	203 14	240 89	269 72	283 116	255 110	229 56 82	203 74 79	63 14 27	50 -	259 290 303
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	434 157 356	28 - 31	39	39 26 46	37 32 90	110 15 18	31 19 52	20 41	18 25	22	5	308 308 232 119
65 years and over	504 29.6	142 7 0.8	149 63.8	40 28.4	38 30.4	24 27.2	43 25.9	30 29.0	7 29.2	30.0	31 46.8	119
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	4 356	33	118	240	438	496	641	635	1 062	548	137	241
1975 to 1978	1 713 543	113 101	137	248 204 87	193 94	254 60	251 47	218 20	227	65 12	51 30	361 286 205
1960 to 1969	195 94	21	30	33 10	41	16	2	9 27	10		33	197 381
ROOMS	170		10		10					,,	,,	
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms	173 565 1 651	9 66 168	13 75 177	48 98 204	19 113 260	20 116 357	8 62 241	22 111	13 85	46 - 14	10 - 34	227 221 250
4 rooms5 rooms	2 430 1 244	19	32 30	87 106	252 107	217 58	387 178	497 171	765 332	100 212	74 50	369 385
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	457 381	- 6	2 19	20 19	16 10	46 18	47 18	61 47	112 55	109 144	44 45	413 456
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	3.9	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.5	3.3	3.9	4.1	4.3	5.2	4.7	•••
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979	6 901	268	348	582	777	832	941	909	1 362	625	257	327
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	6 382 4 032	205 177	247 160	506 365	744 548	· 746 543	920 645	893 558	1 267 612	625 273	229 151	334 311
0.51 to 1.00	2 043 213	28	73	114 17	147	169 22	252 23	317	564 78	301 22	78 . -	381 364 372
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	- 94 519 308	63 63	13 101 80	10 76 28	8 33 11	12 86 40	21 11	9 16 16	13 95 41	29	28 18	206 152
0.51 to 1.00	184 26	-	21	48	22	- 39 7	- 9	-	44 10	_	10	241 333
1.51 or more	903	- 118	- 105	- 81	- 111	119	í 134	- 66	93	_ 24	- 52	325
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	788 64	92	66	81	111 18	99 21	134	66	83 8	24	32	254 264 287
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	115	26 -	39 -	<u>-</u>		20	-	_	10	_	20 —	116
BEDROOMS None	340	38	46	66	70	56	8	_	_	46	10	211
2	2 214 2 941	205 19	199	315 118	394 237	506 190	387 466	128 593 139	34 1 026	18	28	248 380 414
3	1 116 221	- -	46 8	70	76 -	66 14	80	139 42	1 026 259 30	292 88	81 88 35	483
5 or moreUNITS IN STRUCTURE	69	6	-	9	-	_	-	7	13	19	15	438
1, detoched or attached	2 131 674	11 17	106 53	133 87	230 69	211 81	269 90	235 131	415 93	394 38	127 15	359 313
3 and 4 5 to 9	1 247 587	4 46	53 29 19	97 59	118 82	137 101	146 81	204 47	382 121	99 15	31 16	369 289 321 118
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	1 451 426 385	62 128	110	133 44 29	170 19 89	209 74 19	274 24 57	230 - 62	294 7 50	31 20 28	19 - 49	321 118 325
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT			-	27	07		3,	02	30	20	-7/	323
1975 to March 1980	1 700 672	37 80 59	34 27	11 7	44 44	138 32	186 118	310 75	743 135	162 110	35 44	410 354
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	884 - 1 007 867	36 23	111 19 40	58 121 94	57 138 132	73 84 173	108 200 141	142 100 84	103 135 101	129 104 75	44 70 4	354 329 318 292
1939 or earlier	1 771	33	117	291	362	332	188	198	145	45	60	258
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3 4 or more	6 777	230	272	582	777	822 10	941	909	1 362	625	257	331 111
With elevator	124 124	38 38	76 76	-	-	10	=	=	Ξ	=	_	iii
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979												
Less than 15 percent	1 115 1 196 995	59 74 27	71 29 38	182 159 112	187 176 67	137 102 108	109 214 155	150 129 146	154 205 216	108 126		267 314 347
25 to 29 percent	757 554	36 21	23 74 57	31	102 30	112	77 68	146 115 93	200 190	61		347 348 368 360
35 to 49 percent50 percent or more	864 1 080	9 33	57 56	37 52	44 162	137 167	117 201	152 102	206 189	105 118		317
Not computed	340 24.9	9 19.8	30.9	9 18.3	9 21.6	18 27.7	24.8	22 25.8	27.6	14 25.5	257	270
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	6 901	268	348	582	7 77	832	941	909	1 362	625	257	327
Central heating system Air conditioning	6 164 1 839	243 46	281 84	452 92	591 142	706 193	858 279	890 270	1 314 50 6	625 599 156	230 71	340 359 395
Central system	681	18	9	40	61	65	44	99	246	70	29	395

Table A -3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

X ()					Ho	ousehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	18 808	804	1 551	799	808	2 117	2 920	5 055	3 096	1 658	25 690	28 498	746
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	14 168 825 4 358 2 993 4 718 1 274 2 177 283 813 395 416 270 2 463 149 351 337 893 733 41.8	254 9 30 25 67 123 103 3 7 - 24 69 447 19 41 30 101 256 66.6	806 48 92 41 284 341 109 3 10 - 15 81 636 63 54 188 277 62.4	386 23 65 58 78 162 189 47 61 5 48 28 224 5 60 37 83 39 51.6	465 41 175 45 65 139 87 26 11 9 15 26 256 39 48 29 110 30 42.7	1 448 188 606 228 299 127 322 34 119 41 93 35 347 5 59 73 155 55 36.2	2 273 227 910 396 645 95 446 75 191 99 70 11 201 7 21 49 91 33 35.4	4 288 222 1 617 1 093 1 198 158 545 61 241 125 105 13 222 - 48 49 91 34 37.4	2 779 44 637 638 1 385 75 218 31 116 54 10 7 99 11 14 13 58 3 44.9	1 469 23 226 469 697 54 158 3 57 62 36 - 31 16 6	28 042 22 174 26 349 31 207 32 703 12 698 22 674 21 549 25 302 28 212 21 048 9 202 11 657 9 306 13 568 16 101 14 193 6 510	31 373 22 654 28 412 36 201 36 336 17 425 26 108 22 531 28 149 33 775 27 083 10 990 14 070 11 599 15 729 17 296 16 576 9 243	330 9 66 38 123 94 56 5 12 25 14 360 20 52 49 87 152 56.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	4 498 6 535 2 630 2 677 2 468	47 205 121 185 246	262 327 201 292 469	190 140 113 139 217	206 215 113 70 204	614 625 281 267 330	797 1 068 435 372 248	1 282 2 156 622 631 364	765 1 115 439 489 288	335 684 305 232 102	25 848 27 712 25 802 25 218 16 219	28 747 30 758 30 310 28 053 20 609	82 253 126 148 137
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	18 708 355 100 6 18 805 17 906 5 951 1 692 18 536 3 775 14 761 18 805 16 639 573 1 286 27 280 5.9	791 8 13 2 804 740 206 36 668 353 315 804 691 57 31 81 4.6	1 551 18 ———————————————————————————————————	780 12 19 799 707 296 96 785 387 398 799 736 36 21 6 5.0	800 29 8 3 805 713 288 100 808 288 520 805 705 20 57	2 103 38 14 1 2 117 2 002 690 199 2 100 599 1 501 2 117 1 785 113 178 41 5.2	2 907 77 13 2 920 2 798 915 198 2 914 2 914 2 920 2 605 43 231 - 41 5.4	5 039 116 16 5 055 4 844 1 511 332 5 047 512 4 535 5 055 4 452 123 401 79 6.3	3 096 49 3 096 3 026 1 066 357 3 096 2 875 3 096 2 875 3 096 2 805 57 206 8 20 7.1	1 641 8 17 - 1 658 1 632 520 242 1 658 1 01 1 557 1 658 1 478 49 110 11 10 7.8	25 724 24 511 16 786 13 333 25 693 25 965 27 361 25 912 28 248 25 693 25 788 19 467 27 056 45 989 21 316	28 520 24 902 24 301 11 435 28 500 28 876 29 023 32 507 28 817 28 500 24 500 24 500 29 929 38 404 23 210	740 19 6 2 746 705 217 65 699 271 428 746 639 45 44 8 10 5.0
Specified owner-occupied housing units	14 062	549	1 050	488	449	1 377	2 036	4 104	2 626	1 383	27 433	30 112	495
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$3300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$749 \$750 or more Medion Not mortgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to more Medion	10 888 860 1 013 764 716 817 2 108 2 092 1 795 723 \$460 3 174 46 533 957 786 427 291 46 88 \$102	230 55 42 14 23 26 32 21 12 5 \$309 319 13 105 131 30 16 24 \$83	412 126 42 28 41 35 58 51 25 6 \$312 638 6 163 183 173 71 33 -	277 45 34 14 29 38 40 47 24 6 \$372 211 8 70 52 42 9 17 7 6 \$88	256 44 51 33 20 39 12 31 26 - \$300 193 6 32 68 72 7 - 8	956 78 129 97 88 54 198 175 84 53 \$413 421 3 3 55 109 109 109 27 \$110	1 741 160 146 85 153 189 411 292 232 73 \$436 295 8 43 129 81 12 22	3 605 249 263 230 224 266 805 755 621 192 \$473 499 - 26 144 144 103 48 15 19 \$114	2 261 79 251 169 108 96 362 505 480 211 \$513 365 2 28 103 93 85 35 - 19 \$113	1 150 24 55 94 30 74 190 215 291 177 \$550 233 - 11 38 42 43 80 11 8	29 370 22 825 27 475 28 135 24 643 26 250 27 600 29 250 31 601 32 424 17 070 11 250 16 660 17 643 28 015 26 902 25 500 30 388	32 218 22 474 28 602 33 344 27 647 28 584 32 790 32 776 36 779 41 656 22 889 12 468 13 099 19 593 22 671 28 582 41 471 32 745 31 205	281 52 33 18 25 40 43 40 19 11 \$366 214 7 42 108 21 24 12
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent	10 883 3 579 2 084	230 - -	412 15	277 - 28	256 21 61	956 129 155	1 741 350 203	3 605 1 049 778	2 261 1 083 667	1 150 947 177	29 370 37 775 32 560	32 218 44 669 33 933	281
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion	1 934 1 364 580 1 329 18 19.5 3 174 1 936 505 265 214 54 42 142 16	212 18 50+ 319 6 17 48 58 24 27 123 16 29.7	46 65 29 257 47.6 638 54 217 200 109 30 9 19 	33 25 21 170 	35 39 25 75 	109 184 90 289 - 27.3 421 321 68 - 32 - - 10—	417 297 234 240 	908 648 149 73 	379 87 32 13 	7 19 - - 10.1 233 233 - - - - - 10—	28 674 25 632 22 155 13 350 2500— 17 070 26 382 10 526 7 594 6 441 5 341 4 444 3 194 2500—	28 193 25 036 22 950 13 703 	263 18 50+ 214 - 7 11 52 23 11 94 16 32.7

Table A -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Outo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Ho	usehold incar	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	7 033	939	1 230	634	558	1 182	940	907	411	232	15 658	17 841	903
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	7 555	,	. 200				,					•	
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	2 654 727 1 033 391 425 78 2 369 902 924 188 229 126	78 32 30 4 - 12 251 89 55 10 57 40	308 111 104 40 28 25 308 148 72 13 32 43	221 72 96 30 16 7 198 75 108 8	204 75 73 19 31 6 218 72 69 22 33 22	621 146 324 49 92 10 382 156 176 30 20	385 114 140 91 40 - 435 210 169 41 9	535 117 209 90 107 12 304 89 164 28 23	192 36 47 37 66 6 170 58 76 - 28	110 24 10 31 45 - 103 5 35 36 27	19 013 17 842 17 494 22 267 25 306 10 714 18 066 17 706 19 516 20 764 14 432 6 742	21 965 20 056 19 314 26 187° 29 239 14 086 19 361 17 648 21 012 20 503 9 888	156 42 87 23 - 4 275 106 70 10 49
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	2 010 554 434 157 361 504 29.6	610 135 40 24 104 307 54,1	614 177 119 57 113 148 30.3	215 73 85 26 10 21 27.0	136 61 33 7 35 - 28.7	179 21 91 19 40 8 28.1	120 26 35 14 25 20 28.0	68 41 11 - 16 - 30.6	49 20 11 - 18 - 32.5	19 9 10 - 39.0	8 245 8 878 11 706 9 777 8 887 4 415	10 604 11 126 13 821 13 075 11 800 5 632	472 128 67 28 88 161 33.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT												·	
1979 to March 1980	4 428 1 740 563 201 101	459 251 144 69 16	739 315 136 30 10	400 168 55 9 2	387 115 42 14	802 259 49 32 40	595 223 86 28 8	592 245 38 19 13	268 118 13 - 12	186 46 - - -	16 595 15 375 10 068 10 417 16 758	18 958 17 588 11 981 11 701 18 086	480 277 113 26 7
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	4 507	700	1 070	(02	F20	1 140	000	042	404	700	1/ 100	10.00/	700
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	6 507 4 089 2 102 213 103 526 308 191 26	792 677 92 23 	1 070 731 275 43 21 160 92 68	603 438 154 1 10 31 10 21	538 370 141 27 	1 148 594 483 62 9 34 21 13	902 516 347 19 20 38 31 6	843 423 402 16 2 64 10 44 10	404 261 95 22 26 7 - - 7	207 79 113 — 15 25 16 — 9	16 103 13 841 19 145 15 590 23 937 8 167 6 250 9 967 36 728 21 250	18 206 16 269 21 627 17 051 27 686 13 325 10 852 13 587 40 353 21 895	788 536 188 43 21 115 85 30 -
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	7 033 6 280 1 860 702 6 432 3 049 3 383 7 033 6 142 133 715 12 31	939 844 214 67 621 501 120 939 831 28 76 - 4 3.1	1 230 1 073 275 89 1 064 677 387 1 230 1 129 8 83 - 10 3.3	634 521 156 93 600 340 260 634 597 6 31	558 451 127 29 536 275 261 558 511 5 41 4.1	1 182 1 024 299 125 1 148 496 652 1 182 967 40 163 12 -	940 887 208 74 924 338 586 940 746 27 167 —	907 856 318 137 896 267 629 907 792 - 99	411 398 150 55 411 101 310 411 367 19 25	232 226 113 33 232 54 178 232 202 30	15 658 16 228 17 926 18 116 16 703 12 559 20 083 15 658 15 015 18 233 19 105 16 250 25 078	17 841 18 313 21 237 20 927 18 882 14 626 22 718 17 729 17 638 18 913 16 805 16 461	903 799 204 78 699 499 200 903 790 28 78 - 7
Specified renter-occupied housing units	6 901	939	1 223	634	555	1 140	896	880	402	232	15 438	17 765	903
CONTRACT RENT Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Median	404 438 715 864 975 1 086 1 178 733 251 257 \$296	232 123 92 169 112 75 42 32 - 62 \$188	46 157 176 206 257 100 159 41 37 44 \$251	33 42 87 85 113 103 112 41 13 5	8 42 77 59 124 87 76 39 19 24 \$287	44 6 110 153 150 257 226 127 34 33 \$318	9 30 85 91 100 176 231 84 53 37 \$333	15 31 63 85 73 150 204 203 29 27 \$352	17 7 25 16 40 94 56 84 43 20 \$346	- - - 6 44 72 82 23 5 \$394	4 605 7 182 12 581 11 676 12 611 18 312 19 542 25 130 21 442 14 323	8 792 10 231 14 161 12 993 14 327 20 650 21 848 27 955 25 478 16 311	151 86 109 169 143 73 66 50 4 52 \$219
GROSS RENT													
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Median	268 348 582 777 832 941 909 1 362 625 257 \$327	192 149 76 128 93 113 65 47 14 62 \$210	44 119 143 163 248 183 95 118 66 44 \$277	17 23 103 86 107 67 82 111 33 5 \$283	4 15 80 67 61 64 110 98 32 24 \$330	11 17 31 168 132 168 187 326 67 33 \$357	- 16 72 65 71 178 141 218 98 37 \$360	74 74 65 106 90 282 160 27 \$405	7 3 26 49 53 60 83 101 20 \$394	- - - 6 9 79 79 54 5 \$425	4 033 5 638 11 748 12 929 11 752 17 091 17 599 19 735 25 189 14 323	4 801 7 702 13 957 13 685 14 587 16 784 21 868 23 051 26 362 16 311	118 105 81 111 119 134 66 93 24 52 \$254
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median	1 115 1 196 995 757 554 864 1 080 340 24.9	17 40 27 36 57 81 536 145 50+	10 54 128 100 87 334 466 44 44.2	31 90 52 131 77 189 59 5 30.7	29 100 61 78 114 130 19 24 29.8	73 212 261 264 201 96 - 33 25.1	170 249 255 133 18 34 - 37 20.2	288 355 195 15 27 17.0	274 92 16 	223 4 - - - - 5 10—	32 465 21 875 19 537 15 675 13 728 10 225 5 029 7 155	36 438 21 828 18 775 14 920 12 786 10 674 4 987 12 329	1 29 25 27 40 73 573 135 50+

Table A -5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Oato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(oolo ole estant	nes basea on a	sumple, see iiiii	odoction. Tor in	coming or symbo	//s, see ///////////////////////////////	ion. For definition	7113 OF TETTIS, 36	e appelluixes A	one of	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dallars)
Specified awner-occupied housing units	10 888	860	1 013	764	716	817	2 108	2 092	1 795	723	460
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	877	170	81	51	31	56	189	156	67	76	422
2 persons	3 098 2 339	365 123	409 274	195 232	251 168	208 158	555 396	561 450	404 422	150	424 456
4 persons5 persons	2 622 1 362	136 60	116 97	172 79	157 79	212 110	517 314	496 321	578 200	238 102	500 479
6 persons	412 127 51	6	36	12 8 15	7 23	44 22 7	95 37	91 11	104 20	17 6 18	507 424 435
8 or more persons	3.13	2.21	2.56	3.09	2.95	3.41	3.28	3.23	3.51	3.58	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	9 029	601	801	638	606	666	1 780	1 770	1 586	581	467
15 to 24 years	333 3 285	16 48	5 83	179	36 131	26 236	59 790	135 819	50 818	181	518 521
35 to 44 years	2 213 2 942 256	76 380 81	177 495 41	114 322 23	136 256 47	199 187 18	422 494 15	443 359 14	396 305 17	250 144	496 355 263
65 years and over	955 94	80	39	74 11	27	46 7	182 17	228	165	114 21	513
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	468 206	6	- 3	33 10	14	19 11	119 34	131 49	96 63	50 22	521 533 563 322 147
45 to 64 years65 years and aver	135 52	28 27 1 79	36	20	8 5	9	12	15	6 -	21	322 147
Female householder, no husband present	904 16 188	1/9	173 - 15	52 - 20	83 - 27	105 - 24	146 16 37	94	44	28 - 5	329 425 383
35 to 44 years	197 382	16 102	46 81	10 22	29 23	42 31	13	39 35 20	6 21	23	383 346 268
65 years and over Median age	121 38.6	45 54.3	31 50.1	45.2	44.1	8 38.6	21 35.3	33.9	12 34.3	37.8	225
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	0.722	22		47	71		25.4	700		40.	
1979 to Morch 1980	2 733 4 534 1 455	33 87 178	168 203	47 203 251	71 269 191	45 460 164	354 1 344 241	799 1 092 132	983 678 61	401 233 34	603 481 325
1960 to 1969	1 622 544	387 175	524 118	219 44	131 54	109	102 67	55 14	54 19	41	240 241
ROOMS											
1 to 3 rooms	126 721	18 179	101	16 69	7 30	20 57	52 127	7 127	31	6	403 319
5 rooms 6 rooms	2 099 2 135	302 144	230 195	111 224	227 103	199 204	353 393	373 388	256 350	48 134	395 446 495
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	2 029 3 778 6.7	88 129 5.3	237 250 6.4	139 205 6.3	113 236 6.4	113 224 6.1	347 836 6.9	475 722 6.8	387 771 7.2	130 405 7.8	501
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT							5				
1975 ta March 1980	3 894 930	37 22	22 38	37 87	103 59	183 108	815 220	1 127 198	1 118 150	452 48	567 469
1960 to 1969	1 632 2 919	162 359	192 525	233 237	99 277	109 235	308 581	222 361	182 257	125 87	408 363
1949 ta 1949	618 895	159 121	133 103	150	112	73 109	115	106	79	11 -	292 333
VALUE Less than \$10,000	_	_									
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	33 105	7 25	6 39	10	10	-	17		=	=	267 235
\$30,000 to \$39,999	306 688	64 236 208	27 108	60 54 99	53 62	47 37	55 124	64	3	-	302 250
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	1 406 4 259	269	208 516	331	148 225	186 307	255 866	198 898	104 678	169	361 459
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or mare	2 427 1 362 302	18 28	100	150 45	156 46	173 - 62	429 326 36	629 268 35	555 344 111	217 234 103	530 562 685
Medion	\$73 400	\$54 000	\$63 400	\$67 800	\$66 000	\$69 300	\$74 800	\$77 000	\$84 400	\$96 300	
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less than 15 percent	3 579 2 084	594 83 63	783 99	537 118	312 177	298 173	468 654	322 369	229 290	36 121	288 461
20 to 24 percent	1 934 1 364	47	29 36	42 18	103 28	166 53	472 305	556 351	423 379	80 147	517 556 579
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed	580 1 329 18	62	18 48	42	17 79	105 105	48 151 10	211 275	136 338	110 229	565 490
Median	19.5	10	10.2	11.9	16.3	18.2	19.4	23.2	24.5	29.2	7,0
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	10 888	860	1 013	764	716	817	2 108	2 092	1 795	723	460
Steam or hot water system Centrol warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	1 190 8 422	42 665	81 820	74 541	74 537	68 640	239 1 658	246 1 632	231 1 384	135 545	507 461
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, ar pipeless furnace Other means	559 359 358	28 81 44	22 32 58	20 50 79	43 34 28	19 55 35	74 88 49	159 9 46	161 - 19	33	546 324 299
Air conditioning	2 955 780	233 15	405 62	279 75	235 59	256 78	564 132	404 144	393 101	186 114	412
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	2 175 10 888	218 860	343 1 013	204 764	176 716	178 817	432 2 108	260 2 092	292 1 795	72 723	468 391 460
Utility gas Battled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity	9 871 108 753	806 - 33	972 6	712 - 29	649	771 12	1 943	1 862 24	1 537	619	452 525 552 550
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	753 8 148	21	22 :	29	50 - 11	28 - 6	118	185 8 13	222 - 29	66 - 9	552 550 400
	170	21	13	23	'	0	23	13	27		400

Table A -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

				on, ror meaning			_			
The SMSA	Tatal	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 ar more	Medion (dollors)
Specified awner-occupied housing units	3 174	46	533	957	786	427	291	46	88	102
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person2 persons	742 1 563	9 29	200 280	297 438	160 431	46 166	25 156	5 19	- 44	89 102
3 persons	478 238	8	42	99 77	103 68	155	49 36	7 15	15 13	122
4 persons5 persons	76	-	- '-	8	16	27	21	- 13	4	138
6 persons 7 persons	42 27	_	_	22 11	5	11 4	4 		5 7	122 111 138 99 113
8 or more persons	8 2.04	1.98	1.74	5 1.91	2.04	2.51	2.27	2,45	2.50	* 95
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	2 113	22	289	568	525	365	227	33	84	108
15 to 24 years	25 139	-	- 8	18 25	37	7 30	- 7	7	25	92 125
35 to 44 years	159 1 053	10	12 129	50 281	27 267	30 35 172	19 141	8 13	8 40	116 110
65 years and over	737 31 7	12	140	194	194 59	121	60	5	ĩĩ	103
Male householder, no wife present	14	-	_	96 -	14	36	21	1	_	103 89 113 72 107 90 85 93
25 to 34 years	35 19	_	20 6	_	13	5 -	10		_	72 107
45 to 64 years65 years and over	108 141	11 6	21 41	36 60	19 13	15 16	6	-	_	90 85
Fernale householder, no husband present	744	7	156	293	202	26	43	13	4.	93
25 ta 34 years	_ 30	-	-	-	20	_ 2	_ 8	-	-	119
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	284	7	64	106	86	8	9	-	4	92 91
65 years and over	430 61.1	63.6	92 6 5.5	187 63. 5	96 60.5	16 57.5	26 57.0	13 63 .1	52.2	91
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 ta March 1980	160	-	28	27	63	28	7	7	.=	110
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	370 326	-	37 24	90 112	69 57	113 41	. 34 . 77	5 8	22 7	121 112
1960 to 1969	703 1 615	21 25	112 332	161 567	213 384	105 140	64 109	7 19	20 39	107 95
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	94	17	50	7	8	7	5	-	-	65
4 raams5 rooms	626 876	21	199 169	236 278	92 248	45 89	16 86	8 -	9	85 99
6 rooms7 rooms	585 394	8	91 10	235 114	154 142	41 89	25	15	16	65 85 99 96 113 134
8 or mare rooms	599 5.5	_ 3.8	14 4.6	87 5.3	142	156 6.9	29 130 7.0	18 6.5	52 8.0	134
Median YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	3.5	3.0	4.0	٦.٥	2.0	0.7	7.0	0.0	0.0	•••
1975 to March 1980	242	_	27	42	31	101	28	_	13	130
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	129 259	-	11	42 37 32	44 91	7 61	32	- 7	9	116
1950 to 1959	1 084	2	117	440	287	93	42 95	31	19	99
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	450 1 010	12 32	97 281	146 260	94 239	40 125	30 64	8 -	23 9	124 99 95 93
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	30 99	-	23	7	,_	_	-	-	9	66
\$20,000 to \$29,999	200	27	34 46	19 85	16 31	21 7	4	_	-	83
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	236 554	- 6	50 174	138 213 188	19 110	13 29	16 22	_	_	87 86
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	599 802	13	148 37	188 251	157 326	65 108	22 33 55	8 12	_	66 95 87 86 95 108 132 148
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	289 256		15	37	80 39	95 73	44 102	15	33 6	132
\$150,000 or mare	109		6	13	8	16	15	11	40	
Median	\$57 300	\$28 300	\$45 400	\$50 700	\$62 300	\$76 300	\$92 500	\$109 400	\$133 300	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	1 936	39	313	606	474	288	179	18	19	101
10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent	505 265	_	110 63	149 40	114 114	52 31	38 17	8 -	27 -	98 106
20 ta 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	214 54	-	39	50 21	54 -	9 22	15 8	20	27	108 128
30 ta 34 percent 35 percent ar mare	42 142	_	- 5	21 27 48	30	9 16	34	-	6	94 115
Nat camputed Median	16	10-	10	16	10—	10—	10—	13.1	14.6	88
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	10-	10-	10	10-	10—	10-	10—	13,1	14.0	•••
Heating equipment	3 174	46	533	957	786	427	291	46	88	102
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace ar electric heat pump	378 2 087	16	28 277	90 651	124 546	52 304	70 175	7 39	5 79	114
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	34 345	-	-	10	5	8	7	-	4	105 131
Other means	330	14 14	134 94	133 73	41 70	10 53	13 26		-	80 95 105
Air conditioning Central system	1 082 329	24	93 8	361 85	335 106	11 5 53	84 20	31 26	39 31	105 117 99
l or more individual room units House heating fuel	753 3 174	24 46	85 533	276 957	229 786	62 427	64 291	5 46	8 88	99 102
Utility gas	2 966 76	46	501	903	755 12	402 17	246 38	38	75	101 162
Electricity	79	-	10	23	19	8	7	8	4	109
Fuel ail, kerosene, etc.	53	-	22	31	-	-	-	_	-	79

Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Toolo ore estima		ner-occupied ho	ousing units				Rent	er-occupied hou	using units		
The SMSA	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	18 808	5 840	2 364	2 669	5 573	2 362	7 033	1 712	700	884	1 944	1 793
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over 25 to 34 years 35 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over 65 years and over Femble householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	14 168 825 4 358 2 993 4 718 1 274 2 177 283 813 395 416 270 2 463 149 351 337 893 733 41.8	4 879 413 2 116 1 297 980 73 583 80 290 124 82 7 378 43 92 114 113 16 34.6	1 676 146 571 351 547 61 422 71 142 110 66 33 266 58 84 42 73 9	2 096 94 446 539 862 155 267 56 121 32 46 12 306 28 38 43 126 71	4 022 130 991 636 1 700 565 624 68 210 100 118 128 927 8 119 91 382 327 50.1	1 495 42 234 170 629 420 281 8 50 29 104 90 586 12 18 47 199 310 57.6	2 654 727 1 033 391 425 78 2 369 902 924 188 229 126 2 010 554 434 157 361 504 29.6	732 145 344 103 113 27 572 223 210 77 53 9 408 118 112 45 46 87 30.4	321 78 85 71 71 16 155 55 69 6 8 17 224 25 44 10 47 98 34.5	343 124 107 61 41 10 279 64 136 26 21 32 262 41 15 6 64 136 32.8	713 158 312 101 125 17 715 289 289 39 59 39 516 182 111 54 104 65 28.5	545 222 185, 55 75 8 648 271 220 40 88 29 600 188 152 42 100 118 28.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	4 498 6 535 2 630 2 677 2 468	2 669 3 171 - -	618 822 924 - -	449 728 547 945	559 1 524 719 1 180 1 591	203 290 440 552 877	4 428 1 740 563 201 101	1 433 279 - - -	387 180 133 	525 261 50 48 -	1 009 567 204 86 78	1 074 453 176 67 23
ROOMS 1 room	36 83 634 2 712 4 601 3 213 7 529 5.9	3 11 136 598 1 387 969 2 736 6.3	26 11 128 481 706 329 683 5.3	3 28 120 340 414 369 1 395 6.6	26 91 871 1 529 1 166 1 886 5.7	7 159 422 565 380 829 5.6	173 577 1 651 2 447 1 291 482 412 4.0	34 337 946 286 60 49 4.0	8 16 246 194 174 42 20 3.9	62 90 213 195 180 75 69 3.9	12 182 364 574 459 186 167 4.2	91 255 491 538 192 119 107 3.6
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 708 12 331 6 022 296 59 100 31 63 -	5 825 3 480 2 221 111 13 15 10 5	2 335 1 306 957 63 9 29 4 25 -	2 656 1 850 760 39 7 13 8 5	5 544 3 923 1 537 63 21 29 10 19	2 348 1 772 547 20 9 14 7 6	6 507 4 089 2 102 213 103 526 308 191 26	1 609 989 580 38 2 103 41 52 10	675 396 216 28 35 25 9 7	747 489 239 9 10 137 118 18	1 875 1 117 620 88 50 69 38 24 7	1 601 1 098 447 50 6 192 102 90
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	2 594 6 140 3 709 3 735 1 862 768 2.68 56 603	1 297 1 502 761 300 3.22	345 623 507 552 241 96 2.92 7 453	281 914 548 532 297 97 2.75 8 259	935 2 110 1 031 897 440 160 2.38	594 952 326 252 123 115 2.12 5 895	2 750 2 034 1 028 737 340 144 1.88	534 577 315 215 65 6 2.06 3 636	241 208 114 73 22 42 2.02	407 262 107 70 29 9 1.63	646 557 282 232 156 71 2.09	922 430 210 147 68 16 1.47 3 202
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	. 190	30 14 58	1 111 5 38 16 60 - 1 134	2 053 18 14 15 11 - 558	5 275 49 26 81 17 -	2 020 121 119 25 44 -	2 263 674 1 247 587 1 451 426 385	145 4 572 114 626 119 132	159 45 34 62 270 54 76	301 48 142 78 69 151 95	941 315 257 177 101 84 69	717 262 242 156 385 18
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central worm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	1 990 14 284 816 816 899 5 951 1 692 4 259 18 805 16 639 573 1 286 27 280	674 4 389 632 33 112 1 385 529 856 6 5 840 2 4 585 2 201 943 19 9 92 134	2 364 238 2 000 58 26 42 941 304 637 2 364 2 123 110 103 	2 666 333 2 152 31 33 117 1 047 1 047 2 666 2 357 159 89 8 53 122 4.6	5 573 283 4 499 43 447 301 1 942 406 1 536 5 573 5 341 70 95 67 242 4.3	2 362 462 1 244 52 277 327 636 125 511 2 362 2 233 33 56 40 171 7.2	1 459 3 529 540 752 753 1 860 702 1 158 7 033 6 142 133 715 12 31	1 712 516 785 359 29 23 750 366 384 1 712 1 213 12 477 10 117 6.8	700 254 369 17 53 7 420 127 293 700 628 32 33 7 113	884 103 610 40 46 85 185 54 131 884 837 6 40 - 1 104	1 944 185 1 074 80 358 247 286 130 156 1 944 1 787 34 102 2 9 273 14.0	1 793 401 691 44 266 391 219 25 194 1 793 1 677 49 63
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 551 799 808 2 117 2 920 5 055 3 096 1 658 - \$25 690	216 122 184 7 528 898 5 1 924 6 1 243 8 634 0 \$29 481	51 212 112 154 311 388 580 299 257 \$24 509 \$28 424	123 151 88 103 346 448 713 414 283 \$25 786 \$30 431	315 548 307 238 627 885 1 398 894 361 \$24 013 \$25 996	224 424 170 129 305 301 440 246 123 \$18 386 \$21 806	1 230 634 558 1 182 940 907 411 232 \$15 658	117 194 140 87 329 332 287 104 122 \$19 863 \$22 666	137 77 29 26 110 69 129 76 47 \$18 606 \$20 854	183 134 84 111 101 68 135 62 6 \$13 423 \$15 715	212 392 170 108 347 319 227 137 32 \$16 331 \$17 505	290 433 211 226 295 152 129 32 25 \$12 056 \$13 469

Table A-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Owner-occupied	housing units			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Tobbendii. 10	Renter-occupie		pendixes A and	18]	
The SMSA	Tatal	l unit, detoched or attached	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Total	1 unit, detoched ar ottached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 ta 49 units	50 or more units	Mabile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	18 808 160	14 897 43	767	3 144	7 033	2 263	674	1 247	587	1 451	426	385
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Merried-couple families	14 168	11 807	369	1 992	78 2 654	1 168	207	- 597	-	78	-	-
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	825 4 358	371 3 592	8 55	446 711	727 1 033	255 474	107 56	527 175 250	146 32 37	359 95 133	45 25	202 38
65 years and over	2 993 4 718 1 274	2 573 4 203 1 068	64 164	356 351	391 425	235 187	44	55 40	28 46	36 76	Ξ	38 83 37
15 to 24 years	2: 177	1 330 115	78 234 14	128 613 154	78 2 369 902	17 648 212	227	7 468	3 252	19 563	20 1 03	32 12 108
35 to 44 years	813 395	524 230	98 23	191 142	924 188	317 39	90 116 11	218 148 60	101 82	205 207	9 42	67 12
45 ta 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	416 270 2 463	262 199	56 43	98 28	229 126	70 10	10	30 12	6 28 35	46 74 31	5 19 28	21 8
25 ta 34 years	149 351	1 760 16 199	164 	539 133 141	2 010 554	447 85	240 116	252 67	189 40	529 184	278 30	75 32 8
35 ta 44 years 45 to 64 years	337 893	243 711	9 58	85 124	434 157 361	110 36 138	60 5 52	70 33 53	60 25	116 50	10	8
65 years and over Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	733 41.8	591 43.5	86 53.5	56 32.2	504 29.6	78 30.5	7 25.8	29 28.2	28 36 30. 1	55 124 29.3	18 220 69.7	17 10 29.3
1979 to March 1980	4 498 6 535	3 136 5 131	153 226	1 209	4 428	1 290	448	983	333	1 022	129	223
1960 to 1969	2 630 2 677	1 879 2 468	123 86	1 178 628 123	1 740 563 201	639 166 110	153 50	186 52	135 93	316 104	196 75	115
ROOMS	2 468	2 283	179	6	101	58	9 14	26 -	26	9	26 -	23 21 3
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms	36 83 634	4 14 236	23	32 46	173 577	20 56	- 64	52	- 95	115 189	30 79	8 42
5 rooms	2 712 4 601	1 428 3 143	96 177 172	302 1 107 1 286	1 651 2 447 1 291	233 558 726	173 277	255 710	201 199	425 585	283 24	81 94
6 rooms 7 or mare rooms Median	3 213 7 529	2 894 7 178	93 206	226 145	482 412	338 332	94 30 36	160 26 44	78 14	103 34	• 10	130 30
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	5.9 18 708	6.4 14 867	5.0	4.6	4.0	4.9	3.9	3.9	3.5	3.5	2.9	4.2
0.50 or less	12 331 6 022	10 268 4 405	72 8 542 178	3 113 1 521 1 439	6 507 4 089 2 102	2 243 1 249	59 8 388	1 090 684	587 438	1 318 933	293 210	378 187
1.01 to 1.50	296 59	157 37	8 -	131	213 103	831 102 61	165 20 25	373 27 6	149	340 45	83	161 19
0.50 or less 0.51 ta 1.00	100 31 63	30 17	39 6	31	526 308	20 3	76 29	157 86	-	1 33 68	133 . 115	11 7
1.01 to 1.50	- 6	13 - -	32 - 1	18	191 26	17 -	39 7	52 19	Ξ	65	18	-
Nane	51	11	6	34	340	- 22	1	-	-	_	-	-
3	749 5 011	390 3 300	115 349	244 1 362	2 243 2 962	33 372 862	230 290	329 811	27 273 240	200 632 579	59 318	89
5 or more	7 905 3 770 1 322	6 287 3 624 1 285	175 89 33	1 443	1 185 234	743 184	118 28	102	38	27 13	39 10	141
Less than \$5,000	804	602	- - 45	157	69 939	69	-	_	-	_	-	-
\$5,000 to \$9,999	1 551 799	1 121 530	112 75	318 194	1 230 634	173 333 189	93 126 57	97 149 64	96 104 99	186 374	237 92	57 52
\$20,000 to \$19,999	808 2 117 2 920	463 1 478	27 78	318 561	558 1 182	162 468	95 109	98 241	47 20	154 92 241	20 23	51 41 103
\$35,000 to \$49,999	5 055 3 096	2 187 4 220 2 786	105 178 79	628 657 231	940 907 411	318 355	88 31	240 225	99 87	124 168	10 28	61
\$50,000 ar more	1 658 \$25 690	1 510	68 \$22 679 \$24 465	80 \$20 186	232 \$15 658	224 41 \$17 850	38 37 \$14 105	53 80 \$19 502	7 28	66 46	16	7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	\$28 498			\$21 057	\$17 841	\$19 458	\$14 105 \$17 426	\$21 232	\$12 361 \$16 826	\$12 813 \$16 908	\$4 623 \$8 163	\$14 482 \$13 849
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	18 805 1 990 14 284	14 897 1 696 10 950	767 205 408	3 141 89 2 926	7 033 1 459	2 263 123	674 46	1 247 212	587 142	1 451 716	426 212	385 8
Floor, wall, or pipeless fumace	816 816	733 755	67 18	16	3 529 540 752	1 389 120 384	383 26 151	528 273 136	267 28	437 45	185 29	340 19
Other means Air conditioning Central system	899 5 951 1 692	763 4 256	69 264	67 1 431	753 1 860	247 335	68 52	98 1 84	53 97 127	28 225 7 9 7	- - 174	18 191
Vehicles available	18 536 3 775	1 197 14 678 2 679	76 755 255	3 103 3 103	702 6 432	75 2 199	11 623	52 1 1 96	61 50 9	327 1 278	114 252	62 375
House heating fuel	14 761 18 805	11 999 14 897	500 767	2 262 3 141	3 049 3 383 7 033	815 1 384 2 263	371 252 674	511 685	322 187	757 521	131 121	142 233
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	16 639 573 1 286	13 358 258	636 28	2 645 287	6 142 133	2 031	638	1 247 820 41	587 546 6	1 451 1 369	426 397	385 341
Other	27 280	1 014 19 248	88 - 15	184 8 17	715 12	140 12	31	372	35	82	29	18 26
Utility gas	18 795 15 555	14 897 12 576	767 615	3 131 2 364	31 7 013 5 865	17 2 243 1 972	674	14 1 247	587	1 451	426	385
Bottled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc	416 2 789	179 2 118	38 114	199 557	132 1 016	60 211	614 5 55	819 26 402	534 16 37	1 265 - 186	353 - 73	308 25
Family householder	35 15 662	24 12 843	447	11	Ξ		Ξ	_	_	-	/3 - -	52
With awn children under 18 years	8 650 4 185	6 991 3 192	174 54	2 372 1 485 939	3 331 1 989 1 309	1 3 9 7 956 599	330 203 124	620 335	202 91	473 210	65 20	244 174
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	1 044 659	753 427	46 13	245 219	488 381	150 96	91 66	259 51 51	44 42 35	133 107 86	20 20 20	130 27
income in 1979 below poverty level	169 3 146 746	81 2 054 543	320 23	82 772	192 3 702	41 86 6	17 344	31 627	12 385	52 978	20 20 361	27 19 141
Percent below poverty level	4.0	3.6	3.0	180 5.7	9 03 12.8	9.8 	109 16.2	111 8.9	66 11.2	176 12.1	1 66 39.0	53 13.8

Table A -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	DOTO OLE EZILIION	3 00360 011 0 .	diffpic, see intro		ming or oymoon,		. For definitions		-		
The SMSA	Tatol) person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persans	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 ar more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	18 808 1 029	2 594	6 140 451	3 709 194	3 735 205	1 862 93	513 53	1 89 33	66	2.68 2.83	56 603 3 515
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 7 rooms 8 ar more rooms Median	753 2 712 4 601 3 213 2 718 4 811 5.9	323 743 726 402 196 204 4.8	239 1 274 1 553 1 112 783 1 179 5.5	95 396 973 597 626 1 022 6.2	63 213 799 731 717 1 212 6.6	17 58 415 275 298 799 7.1	7 20 103 68 65 250 7.4	8 25 20 33 103 7.7	9 7 8 - 42 8.0	1.72 1.98 2.52 2.65 3.11 3.50	1 546 5 832 13 234 9 447 8 754 17 790
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 708 18 353 296 59 100 94 —	2 579 2 579 - - 15 15	6 116 6 111 - 5 24 21 - 3	3 681 3 679 2 - 28 28 - -	3 710 3 649 54 7 25 23	1 855 1 780 58 17 7 7	513 383 123 7 	188 136 45 7 1	66 36 14 16 	2.68 2.63 5.78 5.57 2.89 2.89 - 3.00	56 281 54 298 1 605 378 322 297
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottoched 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	14 897 767 3 144	1 748 254 592	4 950 228 962	2 917 140 652	3 058 88 589	1 544 49 269	467 7 39	154 1 34	59 7	2.76 2.07 2.53	45 490 1 893 9 220
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	14 062 30 132 305 542 1 242 2 005 5 061 2 716 1 618 411 \$70 600	1 619 12 44 64 144 257 330 499 168 83 18	4 661 10 44 169 197 544 701 1 655 767 430 144 \$67 900	2 817 8 24 34 57 207 412 1 018 576 387 94 \$74 300	2 860 - 6 19 70 134 320 1 126 713 394 78 \$75 300	1 438 	454 - 8 4 7 25 35 202 101 56 16 \$73 500	154 - 4 - 8 11 30 42 28 16 15 \$68 100	59 - 3 14 7 - 11 18 6 - \$64 600	2.77 1.80 2.00 2.02 2.14 2.17 2.46 2.87 3.23 3.26 2.96	42 902 60 335 603 1 250 3 065 5 700 15 812 8 927 5 562 1 588
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of hausehold income With a mortgage Nat mortgaged Income in 1979 belaw poverty level Median income Median selected manthly owner costs as percentage of household incame With a mortgage	18 808 \$25 690 17.1 19.5 10— 746 \$3 558	2 594 \$12 639 19.9 24.6 13.2 256 \$2500—	6 140 \$25 011 14.0 17.8 10— 202 \$3 472 48.7 50+	3 709 \$28 202 16.8 18.6 10— 128 \$4 226 46.4 50+	3 735 \$28 408 20.0 21.0 10— 75 \$5 795 50+ 50+	1 862 \$29 826 17.8 18.2 10— 54 \$5 391 50+ 50+	\$13 \$28 413 18.2 19.6 10— 17 \$27 639 50+ 50+	189 \$30 054 16.7 18.7 10—	\$23 889 17.5 19.7 10— 14 \$12 500 45.0 45.0	2.68	56 603
Not mortgaged Renter-occupied housing units	7 033	42.3 2 750	41.6 2 034 741	27.2 1 028 253	50+ 737 80	24.7 340 47	16	69 30	59 10	1.88 2.28	14 544 2 879
Nonrelatives present	1 163 173 577 1 651 2 447 1 291 482 412 4.0	155 430 1 067 736 217 82 63 3.2	8 82 372 974 434 87 77 4.1	10 52 166 360 289 92 59 4.3	- 5 42 252 214 120 104 4.8	- 8 2 99 77 78 76 5.3	- - 2 12 2 - 5.0	- 2 18 12 12 25 5.7	- - - 6 36 9 8 5.2	1.06 1.17 1.27 2.00 2.49 3.28 3.57	205 755 2 537 5 085 3 257 1 446 1 259
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	213	2 427 2 427 — — 323 323	1 913 1 905 - 8 121 121 -	966 911 45 10 62 55 7	727 690 32 5 10 - 10	330 231 90 9 10 - 9	16 2 14 - - - -	69 25 24 20 - - -	59 - 8 51 - - -	1.93 1.85 4.83 7.47 1.31 1.27 4.10 5.00	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	1 451	509 263 445 267 812 337 117	654 176 400 205 432 69 98	422 91 217 75 149 20 54	353 85 124 40 39 - 96	19	2 10 - - - - 4	41 18 6 - - - 4	59 - - - - -	2.45 1,92 1,95 1.63 1.39 1.13 2.27	1 433 2 461 1 033 2 324 541
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$249 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Median	348 582 777 832 941 909 1 362 625	2 738 244 219 377 456 467 328 277 205 70 95	18 75 80 145 222 415 327 436 0 197 68		24	13 10 10 20 46 118 67 36	- 100 - 1 1 1 2 2	63 6 12 - 6 2 - 8 29 - \$469	\$500+	1.05 1.29 1.27 1.35 1.35 1.84 2.04 2.62 3.15	389 601 948 1 225 1 387 1 608 1 815 2 3 542 1 918 671
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median grass rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median incame Median grass rent as percentage of hausehold income	\$15 658 24,9 903 \$2 936	2 750 \$9 673 27.5 506 \$2500— 50+	\$ \$17 888 23.4 150 \$2 990	19.8 109	\$19 515 26.3 89	\$19 516 29.5 37 \$6 691	\$32 000 10—	\$23 958 16.3 6 \$6 250 50+	\$37 132 19.4 \$8 750 32.5	1.39	

1980 Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: Table A — 10.

41.8

41.8 35.0 52.1 41.7

Median 43.66.83.33.50.93. 55.5 39.8 34.9 36.4 39.1 32.2 26.5 28.3 31.5 32.4 36.5 29.5 30.9 32.9 27.5 29.7 29.7 29.7 29.7 29.5 29.5 29.5 41.7 733 65 years and over 583 123 24 1.13 940 733 504 35 57 56 73 73 151 32.7 8 479 25 25 1.03 562 385 511 247 62 67 67 67 7 7 1.37 543 45 to 64 years 1 1 1 Female householder, no husband present **566.6 569.6** 361 234 74 34 17 17 54 54 122 35 to 44 years 38 2.97 2.97 2.97 2.97 337 157 20 20 15 15 36 49 49 157 3822098 750 25 to 34 years 351 351 107 883 707 127 1283 1099 188 188 233 233 253 255 25.9 1 434 56 56 57 88 88 88 7.1 232 105 105 124 44,4 44,4 \$48 I 15 to 24 years 149 554 316 146 71 21 21 - -507 65 years and over 270 247 16 16 105 294 294 256 14 1 119 31 29 29 10 10 10 10 8181 Data are estimates based on a sample, see Intraductian. For meaning of symbals, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B] 45 to 64 years 404 500 1 265 84 84 38 27 27 27 27 27 27 765 223 23 52 52 13 13 46 15 157 21 47 47 4 4 4 21 21 21 21 21 23 368 288 Male householder, no wife present 35 to 44 years 226 227 20 20 21.37 704 395 150 16 16 17 17 17 13 130 230 42 1 42 1 25 to 34 years 378 238 112 75 10 10 562 578 245 73 16 16 1.30 327 924 33 23 2 15 to 24 years 283 415 395 67 17 17 8 8 8 -1.59 399 827 7 75 65 years and over 1 274 105 105 26 26 26 2.06 2.06 2.06 256 94 4 30 33 33 33 33 33 18 40 120 120 120 15 43 71 11 6 15 19 20 20 32.8 75 3 3 ... 21001 2 353 1 298 661 298 108 2.50 to 64 years 4 718 692 38 26 1 417 19 1 192 88 283 2.80 3.80 3.16 Married-couple families 35 to 44 years 2 993 372 524 524 999 684 414 4.10 4.10 2 978 123 15 15 2 372 2 213 802 802 397 249 99 117.9 117.9 118 28 4 4 4 4 4 10 — 282 282 493 46 864 956 1 579 760 199 3.73 to 34 years 4 358 341 158 17 2 033 275 264 309 151 151 3.41 276 53 280 018 111 177 177 68 116 116 149 49 321 297 154 44 9 2.81 15 to 24 years 358 333 333 333 333 38 38 38 38 26 35 19 19 825 709 145 134 117 124 41 80 66 679 48 9 2 594 6 140 3 709 3 735 1 862 1 768 2.68 5 603 Total 808 708 355 100 033 2 750 2 034 1 028 737 340 144 1 544 507 316 526 27 28 MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM 1.01 or more persons per room
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use
1.01 or mare persons per room GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD Specified renter-occupied housing units

1 S to 19 percent
20 to 24 percent
25 to 29 percent
30 to 34 percent
30 to 34 percent
50 bercent
An of omputed
Median Specified owner-occupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units With a mortgage | Less than 15 percent | 15 to 19 percent | 20 to 24 percent | 30 to 24 percent | 30 to 34 percent | 30 to 34 percent | 30 to 34 percent | 40 to 10 percent | 10 to 14 percent | 10 to 14 percent | 15 to 19 percent | 15 to 19 percent | 25 to 29 percent | 25 to 29 percent | 30 to 34 percent | 35 perc 4 persons 5 persons 6 or mare persons 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 5 persons 6 or mare persons 6 or mare persons 5 PERSONS IN UNIT The SMSA fotal persons INCOME IN 1979 PERSONS IN UNIT

Table A — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

				Mole house	holder					Female hous	seholder		
The SMSA	-		15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years		15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years
	Total	Total	yeors	years	years	years	and over	Total	years	years	years	years	ond over
Owner-occupied housing units	2 594	1 280	164	378	226	265	247	1 314	75	107	38	511	583
PLUMBING FACILITIES	2 579	1 265	164	378	226	261	236	1 314	.75	107	38	511	583
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	15	15	-	-	-	4	11	-	-	_	-	-	-
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched	1 748	778	68	250	113	168	179	970	12	6]	23	390	484 61
2 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	254 592	153 349	14 82	44 84	15 98	37 60	43 25	101 243	63	5 41	15	35 86	38
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	464	89	3	_	_	24	62	375	19	5	22	76	253
Less thon \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	538 284	103 155	3 45	10 45	_	9 37	81	435 129	23	27 33	3	145 72	237 19
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999	198 342	66 213	26 13	5 78	21	15 69	20 32	132 129	28	23 14	- 6	65 70	16 39
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	300 320	261 285	46 21	99 107	71 79	34 65	11	39 35	-	5	7	26 23	6 7
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	86 62	58 50	7	18 16	28 27	5 7	_	28 12	-	Ξ	_	28 6	- 6
Medion	\$12 639 \$15 870	\$20 205 \$21 620	\$16 786 \$18 062	\$21 848 \$24 435	\$27 951 \$33 191	\$18 371 \$20 478	\$8 963 \$10 310	\$7 987 \$10 269	\$8 875 \$8 515	\$11 629 \$11 788	\$4 250 \$8 192	\$11 198 \$13 438	\$5 646 \$7 574
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	VIS 070	42. 626	V.0 000	V	•••	,				·			
OWNER COSTS Specified awner-occupied housing units	1 619	745	61	235	113	163	173	874	12	55	16	347	444
With a mortgage	877 170	509 47	47 5	224	11 3 3	86 18	39 21	368 123	12	55 10	16 -	1 82 76	103 37 21
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	81 51	23 39	_	16	10	23	13	58 12	-	5		37 7	21
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	31 56	16 18	7	6	1]	5	5 -	15 38	-	12	10	8	8 21
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	189 156	116 138	13 7	75 78	16 43	12 10	_	73 18	12	6 12	-	34 6	-
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	67 76	55 57	15	28 21	21 9	12	- 1	12 19	-	5	-	14	12 - \$235
Medion	\$422 742	\$497 236	\$494 14	\$519 11	\$538 -	\$320 77	\$144 1 34	\$263 50 6	\$425 -	\$381	\$360	\$220 165	341
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74	200	9 66	=	11	-	3 21	34	134	_	=	=	42	92 159
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	297 160	85 40	14	=	=	25 13	60 13	212 120	_	Ξ	=	53 56	64
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	46 25	31 5	_	_	_	15	16 5	15 20	-	Ξ.	_	8 6	14
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	5 -		=		_	_	-	5	_	Ξ	Ξ	- \$94	\$87
MedionSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$89	\$88	\$113	\$63	-	\$89	\$86	\$89	_	-	_	\$74	\$07
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	19.9	19.9	23.8	25.9	21.5	12.0	15.8	19.8	50+	35.6	50 +	16.9	20.3
With a mortgageNot mortgaged	24.6 13.2	23.9 10.3	27.0 12.5	26.4 10—	21.5	18.7 10—	19.4 14.3	30.0 14.5	50+	35.6	50+	19.7 11.3	50+ 16.7
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	256 9.9	38 3.0	3 1.8		_	21 7.9	14 5.7	218 16.6	15 20.0	5 4.7	12 31.6	52 10.2	134 23.0
Renter-occupied housing units	2 750	1 419	415	578	150	157	119	1 331	316	232	70	234	479
PLUMBING FACILITIES						100	00	1 1/2	207	202	70	234	360
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 427 323	1 264 155	360 55	559 19	118 32	128 29	99 20	1 163 168	297 19	202 30	-	-	119
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched	509	274	59	144	30	31	10	235	32	38	9	90	66
3 ond 4	263 445	139 286	45 104	73 105	11 37	28	10	124 159	76 34	21 33	5 20	15 48	7 24
5 to 9	267 812	135 429	32 119	61	46	14 65	28 31	132 383	33 116	45 85	13 23	13 35	28 124
50 or more	337 117	79 77	9 47	18	5 21	19	28	258 40	10 15	10	Ξ	18 15	220 10
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979								507	-00	20		71	202
Less than \$5,000\$5,000 to \$9,999	718 699	211 252	65 119	55 45	10 13	41 32	40 43	507 447	98 131	28 61	8 37	70	302 148
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	252 255	124 161	39 39	77 58	8 22	20	22	128 94	37 41	47 18 54	13	10 35 20	21
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	318 303	224 261	62 84	119 125	30 41	13	6	94 42	9	24	-	9 11	-
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	100 57	89 49	7 -	57 33	, - 	16 8	8	11	=	=	=	8	=
\$50,000 or more	\$9 673	\$14 402	\$11 506	\$17 368	\$18 889	\$13 187	\$6 477	\$6 730 \$7 945	\$6 829 \$7 480	\$11 436 \$11 737	\$8 611 \$8 777	\$8 824 \$10 800	\$4 321 \$4 899
GROSS RENT	\$12 074	\$15 947	\$12 129	\$17 999	\$20 499	\$18 742	\$9 868	\$7 945	\$7 480	\$11.737	\$0 ///	\$10 800	.p.4 077
Specified renter-occupied housing units less than \$100	2 738 244	1 407 40	415	566 -	150	157 9	119 31	1 331 204	316 9	232 22	70 -	234 31	479 142
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	219 377	52 191	22 43	92	18	20 15	10 23	167 186	14 56	39	17	9 34	144
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	456 467	235 262	82 69	79 124	34 42	21 21	19	221 205	50 88	32 69	20 15	81	40 38 24 35
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	277	174 175	68 22	75 111	15 8	8 22	8 12	154 102	66 20	28 42	8	17 22	18
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	205 70	163 70	84 19	55 16	19 14	5 21	-	42	13	_	5	17	-
No cosh rent	95 \$253	45 \$276	\$292	14 \$291	\$265	15 \$269	10 \$166	50 \$215	\$266	\$266	5 \$219	\$222	\$118
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in													
1979	27.9 506	23.1 194	29.4 65	21.7 46	20.3 10	21.5 33	30.3 40	34.6 312	46.2 65	28.9 28	41.5 8	30.6 55	33.2 156
Percent below poverty level	18.4	13.7	15.7	8.0	6.7	21.0	33.6	23.4	20.6	12.1	11.4	23.5	32.6

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA		[90/0 0/0 03/	inicies basea on	o somple, se	e infroduction.	For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions (of terms, see op	pendixes A and	B]	
ROOMS 25	The SMSA	Tota		2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total			6 or more months
1 10 3 roms	Vacant for sale only housing units	50:	3 227	155	121	Vocant for rent housing units	781	557	102	101
10 3 rooms	ROOMS						/**	337	123	101
Second	1 to 3 rooms	28	3 -	. 22	6					
19	5 rooms	52	2 28	11	13	2 rooms	47	43	- 4	_
Borner rooms	6 rooms	119	61	43	15	4 rooms	267	73	42	17 28
PLUMBING FACILITIES	8 or more rooms	89	34	25	53	5 rooms	252	222	30	_
Complete plumbing for exclusive use		6.2	6.0	5.8	7.0	7 or more rooms	21	8	=	43 13
Complete plumbing for exclusive use							4.3	4.3	3.8	5.6
Section Sect	Complete plumbing for exclusive use	494	227	146	121					
None		7	_	9	-	Complete plumbing for exclusive use		364	123	92
1							202	193	- [9
\$\frac{3}{4}\$		52		33	19				1	
A				_	_	None			-	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 4 4 5 or more 24 2 1 2 13 5 or more 24 2 1 2 13 5 or more 197 10 197 10 197 10 197 10 197 10 197 10 197 10 197 10 197		150				2	478	331	106	17 41
1975 to Morch 1980		_	_	_	-	4		72	13	21 22
1970 to 1974 974 975 974 975 9						5 or more	-	-		-
1960 to 1969	9/0 to 1974		122		59 10	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT			1	
1940 to 1949	950 to 1959	64	27	9	28	1975 to March 1980	321	269	26	26
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or officed————————————————————————————————————	740 10 1949	12	-	12		1960 to 1969	92 92	42	42	8 22
1, detached or attached		22	- [14		1940 to 1949	59		4	
2 2 2 2 2 3						1939 or earlier			34	22 23
HEATING EQUIPMENT 8 2 - 6 1, detached or attached 91 59 17 103 30 52 104 105 1	or more		225		92	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
HEATING EQUIPMENT 220 124 121	obile home or troiler	8	2	-		1, detached or attached	01	50	,,,	
Value Valu	EATING EQUIPMENT					2	103	30		15 (21
100 100	entral heating system		220	124	121	5 to Y	39		- 4	9
Mobile home or froiler 164 67 50	one	38	7	31		50 or more		83	-1	9
	RICE ASKED					Mobile home or troiler			50	47
Specified vacant for rate anti- housing units	Specified vocant for sale only housing units	450	225	122		RENT ASKED				
Less from \$10,000.	SS than \$10 000	-	-	-	- 1	Specified vocant for rent housing units	781	557	123	101
20,000 to \$29,999 48 30 18			_	-	- 13	100 to \$149	48	30	18	-
40,000 to \$49,999 7 7 7 7	0.000 10 349 999		14	-	_ 18	\$150 to \$199	7	7	-	-
350,000 to \$579,999	0,000 to \$59,999	52	30		2 12	620U to 3099	68	19	38	11
\$80,000 to \$99,999	0.000 to 399.999	154	69	55 -	30	5400 or more			54	77
700,000 or more	edian				26 /	Median				\$346

Table A -13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 81

	-		on a somple	, see million	oction. For	meaning or sy	rindois, see li	ntroduction. Fo	r definitions	of terms, se	e oppendixe	s A ond 8]		
		Price osked	—Specified	vocant for s	sole only hou	sing units			Rent oske	d—Specified	vocont for	rent housing	g units	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollars)
Total	450	_	_	27	332	91	82 800	781	48	39	140	479	7/	
PLUMBING FACILITIES							02 000	,,,,	40	37	140	478	76	343
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	441 9	-	Ξ	27 -	323 9	91 -	83 500 72 500	579 202	48	25 14	109 31	352 126	45 31	328 372
BEDROOMS											31	120	31	3/2
None	24 56 220 150	-	-	13 14 - -	11 34 187 100	- 8 33 50	49 600 70 700 86 300 91 700	14 159 478 106 24	5 43 -	15 10 14	14 53 67 6	84 302 68 24	- 2 56 18	213 307 359 336 327
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT						_	-		_	-	-	-	-	-
1975 to Morch 1980	241 46 64 65 12 22	-	-	- 13 14 -	185 11 51 51 12 22	56 35 - - -	92 200 113 600 59 100 67 100 85 000 57 500	321 92 92 59 90	22 18 3 - 5	1 - - 2 13	- 9 14 6 50 61	243 65 73 45 9	55 - 2 6 13	371 326 330 374 287
UNITS IN STRUCTURE							37 300	127	_	23	61	43	-	242
1, detoched or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	450	- :::	- :::	27 	332 	91 	82 800	91 526 164	- · 45 3	15 23 1	9 111 20	36 316 126	31 31 14	364 343 337

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(Data ore estima)	ies pased oil	sumple, see	minodoction.	TOT THEOTHING	or symbols,	300 1/11/00000						
Casper city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	11 179	18	62	175	346	984	1 730	4 096	2 239	1 256	273	70 900	76 200
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	8 814	18	34	102	170	596	1 204	3 346	1 957	1 137	250	73 600	79 500
Merried-couple families	227 2 568	8	-	8 22	36	47 83	47 413	112 1 163	13 599	229 412	15 75	63 600 73 000 80 900	61 300 75 600 89 000
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	1 891 3 304 824	10	28	22 28 22	14 69 51	60 245 161	184 376 184	643 1 142 286	481 824 40	442 54	150	75 600 58 200	82 600 62 900
Male householder, no wife present	1 000 108	-	9 -	49	49	156 9	180 25 53	392 62 197	123 6 59	42 6 21	-	61 900 62 900 68 600	62 900 67 400 70 500
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	381 138 204	-	- - 7	- - 34	10 10 10	41 26 35	16 47	48 50	23 21	15	=	67 000 52 100	68 200 52 100
65 years and over	169 1 365	-	2 19	34 15 24	19 127 5	45 232	39 346	35 358	14 159	\bar{n}	23	50 400 57 800 37 500	51 600 63 900 37 500
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	158 187	-	-	-	10	30 23	43 58	57 43	17 28	6 25	5	62 300 61 400	67 800 70 400
45 to 64 years65 years and over	576 439 44. 6	- 70.5	2 17 63.6	17 7 58.0	53 59 57.9	75 104 55.9	149 96 46.1	166 92 40.9	81 33 42.9	15 31 42.8	18 - 50.4	59 400 53 200	66 300 57 000
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT			00.0	00.0						005	50		01 500
1979 to March 1980	2 022 3 820 1 469	8 -	10	37 21	26 51 49	86 198 111	188 534 235	863 1 313 526	568 921 273	225 662 194	58 94 52	75 700 77 000 70 900	81 500 82 800 79 500
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	2 044 1 824	10	15 29	31 86	86 134	272 317	320 453	864 530	315 162	83 92	52 58 11	65 900 56 600	70 200 60 200
ROOMS	137	_	7	26	39	22	18	19	6	-	_	38 800	42 100
4 rooms	926 2 183 2 182	8	25 22 7	77 32 30	127 83 58	351 266 217	212 736 426	101 844 981	25 136 348	50 100	6 15	46 800 59 200 65 800	47 200 60 900 68 600
6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms	1 945 3 806	10	- 1	10	21 18	79 49	181 157	899 1 252	541 1 183	184 914	20 232	74 700 86 700	78 400 96 300
MedianBEDROOMS	6.6	6.6	4.5	4.3	4.6	4.9	5.4	6.6	7.6	8.4	8.5+	•••	
None	4 221	-	14	- 45	47	34	34	39	-	- 8 38	- 15	72 500 40 700 53 000	72 500 44 200 55 900
2 34	2 181 4 683 3 036	10 8	32 15 -	83 47 —	180 85 23	556 322 44	542 948 183	601 1 927 1 166	124 889 955	382 577	60 i 88	68 600 81 900	73 400 88 400
5 or more	1 054	-	1	- :	11	28	23	359	271	251	110	88 200	101 700
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974	2 791 636	8	-	в -	-	14 6	81 22	846 243	1 064 169	654 163	116 33	87 600 84 500	94 500 94 800
1960 to 1969	1 633 3 653	=	- 22 9	10 7 49	13 93 101	37 425 179	120 1 001 185	843 1 496 273	358 416 62	207 140 29	45 53 7	75 200 63 100 54 100	83 900 67 100 57 800
1940 to 1949	894 1 572	10	31	101	139	323	321	395	170	63	19	54 700	59 300
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	405 806	18	17 17	33	31 109	130 169	75 134	58 215	22 62	28 40	11 20	49 500 54 900	58 000 60 800
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	425 372	-	14	22 34 10	10 27	77 60	76 111 223	130 73 388	44 64 123	48 13 42	25	61 000 55 500 61 600	66 000 59 900 66 900
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	1 547	-	6 7 1	30 7 23	39 58 42	172 134 129	386 496	707 1 472	198 696	50 354	29	64 600 72 600	66 100 76 700
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	2 176	\$7 250	\$7 059	16 \$12 390	30 \$14 630	88 25 \$16 308	185 44 \$22 840	779 274 \$28 147	693 337 \$33 648	327 354 \$36 772	58 124 \$46 386	79 800 95 100	84 400 107 000
Median	\$30 604	\$7 041	\$10 315	\$15 750	\$16 773	\$18 517	\$23 763	\$29 159	\$33 648 \$37 459	\$44 763	\$51 041	•••	
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
With a mortgage	3 093	-	13	71 52	181 48	538 221	1 218 429	3 417 1 265	1 998 659	1 074 344	201 75	73 400 72 100	78 800 78 200
15 to 19 percent	1 673 1 539	_	6	7	14 38 22	111 59 36	202 253 166	597 564 450	409 393 215	295 206 45	75 35 19 27	77 200 74 500 72 300	82 000 78 400 76 500
25 to 29 percent	456 979	=	7	3 5	15 44	28 83	31 137	214 322	110 212	55 124	-	72 500 70 400 87 500	76 600 79 400 92 500
Not computed Median Net mortgaged	18.8	18	50+ 49	13.2 104	23.8 165	17.2 446	19.5 512	18.7 679	19.2 241	18.2 182	72	58 500	66 700
Less than 10 percent	1 541 367	18	22	75 14	89 39	237 78	314 100	446 73 76	161 35	146	51	61 300 53 500 53 300	70 000 58 400 53 500
15 to 19 percent	182	=	13	_	16	53 34 13	52 34 	34 25	45	16	11	64 700 66 900	79 800 57 500
30 to 34 percent	35 68	-	1 -	9 6	10 11	21 10	6 6	9 16	=	8	-	38 800 48 300 49 000	60 700 55 500 51 300
Not computed	16—	12.5	16.0	10-	10-	10-	10-	10-	10-	10-	10-		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use			62	175	346 29	984	1 730 24	4 096 58	2 239 7	1 256 6	273	70 900 64 500	76 200 61 800
1.01 or more persons per room	-	_	62	175	346	984	1 730	4 096	2 239	1 256	273	70 900	76 200
Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning	10 861 3 509	18	55 7	108 42	318 92	929 311	1 640 524	4 031 1 319	2 239 660	1 250 407	273 147	71 600 71 300 86 800	77 000 79 600 103 000
Central system	927 365	-	14.5	18 10.3	21 6.1	68 117 11,9		223 73 1.8	224 47 2.1	218 25 2.0	24	56 600	69 800
Torcell Delick poverty level		I	14.3	10.3	0.1	1	1	1					

Table B -2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Dato ore estima	res based on a	sample, see l	ntroduction, F	or meaning of	symbols, see	Introduction.	For definitions	of terms, see o	ppendixes A o	nd B]	
Casper city	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 ta \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 ta \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or	No cash	Mediar
Specified renter-occupied housing units	5 813	246	315	525	624					more	rent	(dollors)
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDED			0.0	313	024	726	774	822	1 146	484	151	326
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	2 039 563	-	35 18	100 49	144 62	163	279 121	289	644	300	85	394
25 to 34 years	307	_	9	31	36 17	65		113	96 300	39 153 71	16	336 421
45 to 64 years and over	318	_	-	14	29	14	1 21	38 48	119	71	21 38	439 412
Male householder, no wife present	1 919	47	8 87	185	235	20 294		304	331	143	10	294
23 to 34 years	728 755	_	36 21	45 95	74 98	111 125	99 105	95 148	185	. 71	12	318 346
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	155 165	9	20	9	27 17	39	15	27	112	47	4	* 317 308
Female householder, no husband present	1 31/	38 199	10 193	23	19	6		12	5 -	16	15	304 164
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	511 400	9	14	240 89	245 66	269 109	233 97	229 56	171 71	41	35	256
35 to 44 years	120	24	-	39 26	32 32	103 15	28 15	82 20	65	27 14	-	256 285 304 264 232
65 years and over	478	31 135	39 140	46 40	80 35	18 24	50	41 30	17	-	5	264 232
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	29.6	71.6	65.1	28.2	30.4	26.9	27.4	29.3	29.3	29.3	24 47.7	119
1979 to March 1980	3 665	26	114	208	353	436	500			•		
1970 to 1974	1 459 494	102 101	125	193 87	153	209	532 198	595 181	895 214	416 56	90 28	360 285 198
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	145 50	17	26	29	68 41	59 16	44	19	27 10	12	. 27	198 197
ROOMS	30	-	-	8	9	6	-	27	-	-	-	354
1 room 2 rooms	132	9	13 75	48	19	20	8	_	_	15		140
3 rooms	520 1 492	66 161	75 160	96 192	107 221	116 337	25 217	22 96	13	-1		169 212
4 rooms5 rooms	2 108 891	10	27 21	82 74	202 55	167	351	466	75 650	12 96	21 57	250 370
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	335 335	-	19	18	10	46 22	131 26	151 40	265 100	135 104	13 15 45	212 250 370 387 444 447
Median	3.9	2.8	2.9	3.1	10 3.3	18 3.2	16 3.9	47 4.1	43	122	45 4.5	447
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979			İ								4.5	•••
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	5 813	246	315	525	624	726	774	822	1 146	404		
U.DU or less	5 322 3 525	190 168	214 138	449 337	591 463	640 472	754 542	806	1 146	484 484	151 143	326 334 313
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	1 554 169	22	64	85 17	94	134	192	535 254	556 428	218 234 22	96 47	313 382
Lacking camplete plumbing for exclusive use	74 491	56	12	10	8	22 12	20	8 9	54 13	22 10	-1	382 349 279
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	291	56	101 80	76 28	33 11	86 40	20 11	16 16	95 41	-	8	210 !
1.01 to 1.50	174 26	-	21	48	22	39	9	-	44	-	8 .	155 241 333
1.51 or moreincome in 1979 below poverty level	704	-	-	-	-	-1	-	-	10	-	-	333
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	794 706	111 92	103 64	79 79	85 85	1 09 89	130	66 66	79	10	22	253
WOULD COMPLETE DISTRIBUTED FOR EXCHISIVE USE	63 88	19	39	-	18	21 20	16	-	69	10	22	253 261 288
1.01 or more persons per room BEDROOMS	-	-	-	-	-	-	=		10	-		116
None	295	38	46	66		5,						
2	2 032 2 449	198	193	296 100	66 341	56 479	326	128 545	32	15	21	188
4	801 173	-	33 35	54	182 35	143 42	383 57	545 100	888 191	126 237	21 39 50	382
3 or more	63	-	8 -	9	-	6	-	42	22	69	26 15	247 382 427 480 462
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached ar attached	, ,,,							(13	19	15	462
3 ond 4	1 611 636 1 115	10	81 51	105 84	152	135 78	187 87	211	317	334	89	374
J 10 7	1 115	46	27 19	90 56	115	136 94	136	198	90 317	38 77	10 19	313 361
10 to 49	1 436 406	62 128	27 110	131	170	209	56 274	47 230	121 294	15 . 20	19	288 320
mobile nome or trailer, etc.	82	-	-	44 15	19 32	74	24 10	15	7	-	10	117
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	1 445	37	24	,,								271
1960 to 1969	1 445 594 655	80	34 27	11	20 25	121 32	181 118	291 72	628 122	108 89	14 29	403 350
1940 to 1949	829	55 30 19	101	109	105	53 79	57 140	115	80 128	76 99	29 35	313 l
173y or earlier	732 1 558	19 25	108	80° 277	111 322	154 287	131	78 179	60	67	4	320 292
STORIES IN STRUCTURE	5 (00				022	207	147	1/9	128	45	40	255
4 Of Illote	5 689 124	208 38	239 76	525	624	716	774	822	1 146	484	151	330
With elevatorGROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	124	38	76	-	-	iŏ	=	-1	-	-	-	111
INCOME IN 1979												
Less than 15 percent	934	44	51	150	153 116	111	98	150 110	111	66		279
25 to 29 percent	793 644	74 27 36	28 35 23	154 99	47	82 102	183 102	110 137	189	80 65	•••	315
35 to 49 percent	460	21	23 65 57	26	96 23	92 49	52 66	98 72	173 142	48		342 347
30 percent or more {	773 975	9 26	57 56	37 50	40 140	115	92 181	140	182	101	:::	354 363
Not computed	218 25.4	20.1	31.6	18.5	24.1	18	-	93 22	170	102	151	316 259
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS				.0.3	24,1	28.2	25.4	25.2	27.7	28.2		
Heating equipment	5 813 5 237	246 222	315 255	525 421	624 461	726	774	822	1 146	484	151	326
Air conditioning Centrol system	1 630 617	46 18	83	77	104	639 178	717 255	806 252	1 103 480 240	469 1 05	144 50	338 359 388
		10		33	55	65	39	99	240	30	29	388

$_{ m oble}$ B -3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Household income in 1979											Income in	
Casper city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	1979 below poverty level
Owner-eccupied housing units	13 036	509	1 043	607	471	1 301	1 857	3 604	2 366	1 278	26 800	29 555	455
COUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Aerriad-couple femilies 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over 45 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 years and over 65 years and over	9 861 349 2 841 2 049 3 656 966 1 417 173 520 216 287 221 1 758 43 238 218 685 574	175 6 14 6 56 93 70 7 7 12 51 12 64 8 24 10 59 163 67.7	491 -54 20 191 226 69 9 60 483 119 44 31 167 222 64.3	286 21 45 31 70 119 132 21 46 37 28 189 5 43 34 76 31 54.6	238 7 68 18 51 94 67 17 5 9 10 26 166 166 4 38 19 75 30 53.2	833 81 357 100 195 100 210 34 38 41 65 32 258 - 29 59 115 55 41.3	1 454 98 582 241 455 78 261 29 123 51 47 11 142 7 21 29 52 33 36.5	3 074 85 1 130 790 932 137 367 50 163 62 79 13 163 164 24 74 34 38.4	2 158 33 445 478 1 137 655 134 19 86 24 5 - 74 - 8 8 12 5 54 - 46.3	1 152 18 146 365 569 54 107 3 52 29 23 19 13 6 45.7	29 778 22 652 26 931 32 534 33 727 13 697 23 052 22 734 27 738 26 346 21 193 9 960 11 746 8 281 13 026 16 250 13 850 7 138	32 773 24 632 29 112 37 742 37 285 18 863 25 958 32 988 25 680 11 012 14 402 9 592 14 7718 16 960 10 294	219 6 25 12 100 76 29 - 7 - 12 10 207 8 35 20 59 85 59.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	2 538 4 423 1 779 2 226 2 070	14 117 85 103 190	92 195 143 245 368	128 95 64 125 195	80 110 60 53 168	258 391 171 212 269	460 622 265 297 213	771 1 544 431 544 314	512 842 317 433 262	223 507 243 214 91	27 527 29 799 27 307 26 423 16 707	30 513 32 066 32 286 28 957 21 310	19 147 92 109 88
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Valides available 1 2 or more Heuse heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rocess	13 001 181 35 - 13 036 12 665 4 390 1 205 12 827 2 669 10 158 13 036 12 534 12 437 - 53 6.3	509 8 	1 043 10 	592 6 15 607 548 246 74 593 290 303 607 589 - 18 - 5.2	471 7 - 471 432 183 73 471 197 274 471 443 - 22 - 6 5.0	1 301 15 - 1 301 1 246 431 1 322 1 294 384 910 1 301 1 221 2 70 - 8 5.4	1 857 43 	3 594 51 10 3 604 3 501 1 165 256 3 598 430 3 168 3 604 3 398 177 29 6.8	2 366 35 		26 812 25 208 25 625 26 800 26 991 27 104 30 851 27 055 16 124 29 896 26 774 50 000 27 299 25 568 	29 548 26 586 32 138 29 555 29 773 30 566 34 228 29 929 19 271 32 729 29 557 49 874 30 937 24 817 30 604	455 8
Specified ewner-occupied housing units MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With e mertgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$749 \$750 or more Median Net mertgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	8 711 790 928 626 518 700 1 653 1 595 1 362 539 \$447 2 468 33 396 765 674 311 181 181 38 70	\$74 50 42 6 9 26 23 13 - 5 \$244 231 13 74 114 24 6	334 114 37 12 29 31 44 36 25 6 \$307 472 6 108 145 156 34 23	256 41 31 14 26 32 40 42 24 6 \$375 169 8 54 32 40 9 13 7 6 \$93	211 44 51 28 17 28 5 12 26 - \$269 161 6 24 61 55 7 - 8	706 73 101 75 62 50 155 88 69 33 \$392 342 49 90 96 56 19 5 27	1 325 145 133 73 95 149 288 225 162 55 \$425 222 — 27 76 70 7 22 — 25 57	2 884 231 248 186 160 221 640 595 450 153 \$465 358 	1 873 71 230 1544 98 96 295 403 382 144 \$498 97 70 82 15	948 21 55 78 22 67 163 181 224 137 \$538 210 - 9 35 42 36 69 11	29 943 23 050 27 869 28 367 25 352 27 241 28 149 29 875 32 536 31 841 16 138 10 741 16 138 17 214 31 369 32 314 17 000 30 827	32 522 22 313 28 863 33 816 29 325 29 128 34 064 41 33 755 36 262 41 93 31 73 23 834 8 369 13 824 19 606 22 784 31 754 41 9 606 22 784 31 754 31 754	15 6 -
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a martgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	1 541 367 216 182 43 43 68	164 103 50+ 144 154 154 154 155 165 165 165 165	46.8 46.8 46.8 46.8 47.2 46.8 47.2 46.8 47.2 46.8 47.2 46.8 47.2 46.8 47.2 46.8 47.2 46.8 47.2 46.8 46.8 46.8 46.8 46.8 46.8 46.8 46.8	7 - 6 -	22 49 23.4 161 96 57 - 8 - -	706 117 112 87 144 70 176 - 26.3 342 263 47 - 32 - 10-		19.2 358 348 10 	1 87: 95: 53:300 6: 44.1 30: 29: 10-	785 147 2 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	29 943 37 429 32 770 28 758 25 369 22 060 12 036 2500— 17 166 26 442 10 460 7 174 6 647 4 740 4 688 2 639 2500— 	32 522 44 188 33 852 28 066 24 661 22 266 13 235 23 834 33 057 5 11 63 7 134 8 177 5 133 5 344 2 609	209 10 50+ 146 7 7 11 23 35 15 11 11 20 35

Table B -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Household income in 1979									-,			
Casper city				\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000			***				Income in
	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$12,499	to \$14,999	\$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or	Median	Mean	1979 below poverty
Renter-occupied housing units	5 838	847	1 070					404,777	ψ47,777	more	(dollors)	(dollars)	level
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	7 636	047	1 070	566	452	909	717	744	313	220	14 912	17 667	794
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	2 059	64	246	185	149	443	290	424	152	106	19 183	22 607	
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	563 795	28 20	93 90	61 87	58 41	95 233	93 101	75 177	36 40	24	17 523 17 759	20 606 19 421	141 37
45 to 64 years	327 318	4	33 15	14 16	19 25	37 68	73 23	82 90	34 36	31 45	23 207 26 000	27 654	77 23
65 years and over	56 1 919	12 223 71	15 249	7 184	6 178	10 30)	315	252	122	95	10 357	30 746 12 255	4
15 to 24 years	728 755	71 55	142 43	73 104	52 62	113 149	141 123	80 137	51	5	17 828 17 241	19 227 17 597	236 84
35 to 44 years	155 165	10 57	21		22 20	27 12	36	24	55	27 36 27	19 046 21 285	20 650 26 480	236 84 63 10 49 30 417
65 years and over	116 1 860	30 560	43 575	7 197	22 125	165	6	11	8	_	13 062 7 121	19 219 10 515	49 30
25 to 34 years	511 400	119 40	159 107	67 73	59 29	20 85	112 26	68 41	39 20	19	8 292 9 160	10 591 11 526	417 112
35 to 44 years	138 333	20 91	57 113	26 10	7 30	12	35 6	11	1)	9 10	11 815 9 286	14 079 12 402	112 59 24
65 years and over	478 29.6	290 57.0	139 29.9	21 26,9	29.2	40 8	25 20	16	8		8 857 4 441	11 143 5 764	24 78 144
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT		57.0	27.7	20.9	27.2	28.3	28.1	30.0	30.7	39.8	•••		33.7
1979 to March 1980	3 675	411	648	346	319	639	462	481	195	174	15 999	18 844	410
1970 to 1974	1 474 494	224 144	258 132	156 55	88 39	211 24	168 54	213 38	110	46	15 255 7 384	17 875 10 736	412 253 113
1959 or earlier	145 50	52 16	25 7	9 -	6	19 16	28 5	6	=	Ξ	9 135 15 625	10 786	113
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM										_	13 023	13 504	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	5 347 3 525	724 623	920 637	535 398	432 313	875 503	680 400	680 369	306 203	195	15 378	18 008	706
0.51 to 1.00	1 570 169	78 23	220 43 20	127	92 27	503 339 24	241 19	296 15	76	79 101	13 335 19 056	16 095 22 024	478 165 43 20 88 68 20
1.51 or more	83 491	123	20 150	10 31	20	9 34	2Ó 37	64	18 9	15	14 213 22 813	16 674 26 022	43
0.50 of less	291 174	105 18	89 61	10 21	11	21 13	31 6	10	7	25 16	8 794 6 446	13 959 11 296	88 68
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	26 -	_		<u> </u>	<u>:</u>	-	-	44 10	7	9	10 952 36 728	14 469 40 353	20
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS						_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Heating equipment	5 838 5 262	847 768	1 070 980	566 460	452 355	909	717	744	313	220	14 912	17 667	794
Central system	1 630 617	171 50	255 81	154	102	790 232	679 183	715 289	301 131	214 113	15 462 18 193	18 059 21 871	710 164
Vehicles available	5 272 2 609	545 448	916	93 5 32	29 430	92 878	64 70 5	122 733	- 53 313	33 220	18 310 16 244	21 613 18 849	61
2 or more	2 663 5 838	97	604 312	310 222	229 201	385 493	291 414	213 520	79 234	50 170	12 036 20 068	14 401 23 206	443 168
Bottled, tank, or LP ags	5 252 37	847 771 15	1 070	566 529	452 427	909 775	717 608	744 642	313 298	220 194	14 912 14 362	17 667 17 549	794 728
Electricity	539	61	8 54	6 31	25	134	109	92	8 7	26	8 594 18 862	14 569 18 890	15
Other	10 3.9	-		_=	. -	Ţ	Ξ	10	=	-	26 250	25 625	-
Specified renter-occupied housing units		3.1	3.3	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.3	•••		3.2
CONTRACT RENT	5 813	847	1 070	566	452	904	711	739	304	220	14 842	17 619	794
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	328 372	225	44	30	_	9	_	6	14	_	4 197	6 647	142
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	610	118 82	130 153	38 84	40 67	90	20 67	26 59	8	<u>-</u>	6 771 12 083	9 278	143 80
3230 to 3299	708 819	149 112	178 244	62 104	49 81	110 127	68 61	76 49	16	- 6	11 089	13 629 12 797	92 149
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	958 1 034	71 40	100 135	84 105	87	201 186	164 221	125 170	35 82 46	44	11 286 18 584	13 557 20 699	143 69
\$400 to \$499	636 197	18	41 21	41 13	63 36 19	126 30	56 43	177 24	67 24	68 74	19 746 25 000	22 073 28 066	56 36
No cash rent Median	151 \$300	32 \$186	24 \$254	\$273	10 \$292	25 \$326	11 \$341	27 \$354	12 \$345	23 5	21 140 15 450	25 767 18 092	22
GROSS RENT				,	7 -7-	4020	ΨΟΨΙ	\$3.54	 ф343	\$392	•••		\$221
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	246 315	185 149	44 106	17	,,	=		_	_	~	3 967	4 163	111
\$200 to \$249	525 624	74 109	129	22 97	11 77	9 26	12 59	63	6	_	5 244 11 534	6 978 13 488	103 79 85
\$300 to \$349	726 774	83 109	146 226	70 95	60 51	108 109	51 66	62 56	18 34	-	12 036 11 421	13 188 14 265	85
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	822 1 146	65	156 86	95 53 70	37 92 82	148 166	125 120	89 84	48 60	9 79	16 538 18 046	16 717 22 444	109 130
\$500 or more No cash rent	484	41	103 50	104 33	32	250 63	187 80	251 107	61 65	67 54	19 885 23 857	23 082 26 773	66 79 10
Medion	151 \$326	32 \$190	24 \$276	5 \$282	10 \$330	25 \$362	11 \$365	27 \$401	12 \$383	5 \$420	15 450	18 092	22 \$253
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										,			4230
Less than 15 percent	934 1 016	17 40 27	10 53	30 88	21 97	49 135	137 213	239 322	220 64	211	33 070	37 462	_
20 to 24 percent	793 644	36	116 92	88 35 118	54 43	234	183 120	136 15	8	4	22 065 18 834 15 771	21 607 18 022	29 17
30 to 34 percent	460 773	57 81	71 297	75 156	86 122	220 158 83	13 34	-	-	=	13 285	14 768 12 539	27 40 73
50 percent or more	975 218	490 99	407 24	59 5	19	25	34 - 11	_ _ 27	12	-	10 136 4 972	10 673 5 051	519
Median	25.4	50+	43.9	30.6	30.3	25.5	20.0	16.8	12.5	5 10—	6 667	12 531	89 50+

Table B -5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	fodio die ezilili	otes based on o	sumple, see mi	roduction, Por n	reaning or symbo	is, see introduct	tion. For definition	ons of terms, se	e oppendixes A	ond B]	
Casper city	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified awner-occupied housing units	8 711	790	928	626	518	700	1 653	1 595	1 362	539	447
PERSONS IN UNIT 1	732 2 462 1 938 2 091 1 070 282 109 27 3.10	158 341 105 122 58 6 - - 2.20	81 366 248 107 97 29 - - 2.57	51 185 173 131 57 12 8 9	22 171 141 96 58 7 23 -	56 183 156 159 82 35 22 7	136 415 344 410 259 57 27 27 3.30	124 440 334 410 221 49 11 6	35 256 359 485 145 70 12	69 105 78 171 93 17 6 6	398 396 448 505 467 477 403 382
NOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple fumilies 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 34 years 45 to 64 years	7 228 213 2 464 1 789 2 522 240 733 94 361 112 40 750 158 167 317	554 14 41 59 359 81 61 61 28 22 175 - 12 16 102 45	753 	521 	440 12 101 81 206 40 18 - 13 - 5 60 - 24 26	566 26 176 186 160 18 40 7 7 13 11 9 94 4 24 42 20 8	1 393 52 563 363 400 15 141 17 91 24 9	1 352 73 623 359 283 14 172 33 92 37 10 - 71 - 30 29	1 214 30 613 313 248 10 116 - 78 32 6 - 32 - 5 6	435 6 125 197 107 - 85 21 38 12 14 - 19 -	454 503 521 492 335 248 504 521 530 549 239 143 317 425 396 358 240 210
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 900 3 575 1 255 1 491 490	30 62 166 368 164	51.0 	38 158 188 203 39	8 206 159 100 45	39.1 33 396 150 101 20	237 1 046 224 81 65	541 885 100 55 14	722 506 61 54 19	291 197 25 12	613 481 329 237 237
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 8 or more rooms Median	65 507 1 514 1 695 1 613 3 317 6.9	18 151 292 132 68 129 5.3	81 206 167 234 240 6.5	16 49 77 185 127 172 6.4	7 12 109 72 95 223 7.1	14 41 156 177 99 213 6.3	77 261 318 240 753 7.2	80 223 291 366 635 7.1	16 175 248 291 632 7.3	6 	295 272 373 437 480 490
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	2 661 576 1 446 2 718 521 789	30 9 147 352 139 113	- 18 174 514 122 100	18 37 213 212 17 129	34 31 86 250 48 69	158 59 105 227 46 105	547 176 275 500 56 99	768 115 186 355 76	771 102 165 239 6	335 29 95 69 11	571 475 399 357 250 338
VALUE Less than \$10,000_ \$10,000 to \$19,999_ \$20,000 to \$29,999_ \$30,000 to \$39,999_ \$40,000 to \$49,999_ \$50,000 to \$59,999_ \$60,000 to \$79,999_ \$80,000 to \$99,999_ \$100,000 to \$149,999_ \$150,000 or	13 71 181 538 1 218 3 417 1 998 1 074 201 \$73 400	7 25 56 220 176 260 18 28 - \$54 000	- 6 36 - 100 184 502 100 	- - 56 36 87 281 141 25 - \$69 500	- 10 20 29 127 166 138 28 - \$68 900	- - 29 29 173 243 166 55 5 \$71 600	- - 20 90 224 668 348 267 36 \$75 800		- - - - 99 510 436 244 73 \$83 600	- - - - - 134 158 188 59 \$95 300	196 215 281 224 360 441 518 556 665
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	3 093 1 673 1 539 961 456 979 10 18.8	545 83 59 35 11 57 -	727 78 29 28 18 48 -	452 94 42 13 7 18 -	244 105 81 24 11 53	268 136 141 38 22 95 -	391 542 332 220 37 121 10	268 298 430 276 165 158 -	162 246 353 233 114 254 -	36 91 72 94 71 175 	280 467 520 544 574 562 450
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Centrol warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Ar conditioning Centrol system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other	8 711 977 7 015 235 285 199 2 595 639 1 956 8 711 8 327 10 327 47	790 28 624 24 81 33 227 11 216 790 752 	928 76 762 17 32 41 374 56 318 928 899 6	626 68 440 7 44 67 220 56 164 626 608 7 7	518 60 441 17 182 37 145 518 511	700 68 565 8 41 18 238 76 162 700 683	1 653 205 1 357 25 51 15 508 129 379 1 653 1 607	1 595 210 1 287 68 9 21 359 126 233 1 595 1 516 -73 -6	1 362 172 1 115 71 4 353 77 276 1 362 1 236 4 122	539 90 424 15 10 	447 492 448 554 284 269 411 450 392 447 443 242 576

Table B -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Carron site:	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Median (dollars)
Casper city										Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	2 468	33	396	765	674	311	181	38	70	101
PERSONS IN UNIT	643	6	158	252	156	46	20	5	_	91
2 persons3 persons	1 228 341	19	192 37	346 71	389	113 110	115 20	19	35 15	104 119
4 persons	156 45	_	9	52	73 43 8	15 27	26	7	4	110
6 persons	27 23	_	Ξ.	22 11		-	-	-	5	133 90 102
7 persons8 or more persons	5 1.98	2.05	1.71	5	1.97	2.47			2.50	88
Median HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	1.70	2.05	1.71	1.88	1.97	2.47	2.11	2.24	2.50	
Married-couple families	1 586	12	208	443	427	256	149	25	66	108
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	14 104	_	- 8	14 25	_ 21	27	-	7	16	88
35 to 44 years	102 782	-	12 82	41 196	13 219	13 138	15 103	13	8	123 99 113
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	584 267	12 14	106 83	167 86	174 48	78 31	31 5	5	ii	101
15 to 24 years	14 20	=	20	_	14	-	_	=	=	113
35 to 44 years	12 92	-	6 21	-	6	-	_		-	63 87
45 to 64 years65 years and over	129 615	6	36 105	33 53 236	13	15 16	5	<u>.</u>	-	88 86
Female householder, no husband present	- 013	-	-		199	24 -	27	13	-	96
25 to 34 years	20	=	-		20	-	- -	-	-	113
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	259 336	-	50 55	98 138	86 93	8 16	6 21	13	4	93 95
Median age	61.3	66.3	64.7	63.7	61.0	58.0	58.2	64.6	52.2	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	122	_	19	16	52	21	7	7		113
1975 to 1978	245 214	-	11 24	70	43 39	75	28 41	5	13	124
1970 to 1974	553	13	86	137	181	29 77	32 73	7	20	106 106
1959 or earlier	1 334	20	256	468	359	109	/3	19	30	96
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	72	14	50	_	8	_	_	_	_	61
4 rooms5 rooms	419	19	143 104	172 211	69 215	8	-	8	_	82
6 rooms	487 332	-	81 10	205 105	132 125	73 21 82 127	60 25	7	16	102 95 110
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	489 5.7	3.6	8 4.5	72 5.5	125 5.8	127 7.2	96 7.7	18 7.3	43 8.5	133
Medion	5.7	3.0	4.5	5.5	5.6	7.2	1.1	7.3	0.5	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	130	_	8	15	8	64	- 22	_	13	138
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	60 187	-	- 6	13 28	36 71	_	11	- 7	15	112
1950 to 1959	935 373	12	90 69	385 131	276 87	42 83 32	18 59 11	23	19 23	100
1939 or earlier	783	21	223	193	196	90	60	_	-	94
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	18 49	-	18 29 36	- 9	9		_	_	_	63 71
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	104 165	27	36 34	41 119	12	-	_	_	-	67 85
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	446 512	6	141 99	195 1 7 0	90 153	14 65	- 25	_	_	85 85 98
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	679 241	_	26	198	299 73	65 89 89	25 55 28	12	_ 24	110
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or mare	182 72	-	13	6	30 8	44	68	15 11	6	149 250+
Median	\$58 500	\$25 900	\$44 800	\$50 900	\$63 200	\$78 200	\$92 000	\$121 900	\$200000+	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979							*			
Less than 10 percent	1 541	26	240	487	404	227	120	18	19	101
10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent	367 216	7	74 63	104 29	95 97	44 14	25 13	1	18	100 104
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	182 43	-	16	50	54	11	15 8	20	27	112 97
30 to 34 percent	35 68	-	-	21 20	_ _ 24	9	-	_	6	97 97 97
35 percent or moreNot computed	16	,, -		38 16	_	6	,,,		74.4	88
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	10—	10-	10—	10—	10—	10—	10—	20.2	14.4	•••
Heating equipment	2 468	33	396	765	674	311	181	38	70	101
Steam or hat water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	287 1 818	13	28 245	66 564	105 514	29 268	47 122	7 31	5 61	112 104
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	16 228	- 6	-	108	5 30	-	7	-	4	171 81
Other means	119 914	14	84 39 61	27 304	20 300	14 96	5 62	31	_ 39	81 106
Central system	288 626	21	8 53	63 241	89 211	51 45	62 20 42	26	31 8	121
House heating fuel	2 468 2 432	33 33	396 396	765 759	674 655	311 311	181 174	38 38	70 66	101
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	2 432 - 30	33 -	370	739	655 - 19	311	7	-		120
Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	4	120
Other	6	_	-	6	-	-	-			88

Table B — 7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		0w	mer-occupied h	nousing units				Ren	ter-occupied ho	ousing units		
Casper city	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	13 036	3 310	1 052	1 849	4 874	1 951	5 838	1 445	594	655	1 575	1 569
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	9 861	2 797	785	1 530	3 547	1 202	2 059	622	234	256	514	433
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	349 2 841 2 049	99 1 251 787	49 221 176	47 335 375	124 826 564	30 208 147	563 795 327	103 301 86	50 62 71	112 60 41	122 230 78	176 142 51
45 to 64 years65 years and over	3 656 966	646 14	297 42	694 79	1 551 482	468 349	318 56	105 27	37 14	35 8	77 7	64
Male householder, no wife present	1 417 173 520	302 38 153	170 47	146 21	552 59	247	1 919 728	473 174	1 39 49	1 60 36	589 225 255	558 244 171
35 to 44 years	216 287	56 48	59 34 16	70 21 26	192 79 103	46 26 94	755 155 165	187 66 37	59 6 8	83 8 11	39 31	36 78
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	221 1 758	7 211	14 97	8 173	119 775	73 502	116 1 860	9 350	17 221	22 239	39 472	29 578
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	43 238 218	23 54 59	28 17	15 26 27	112 75	5 18 40	511 400 138	103 97 30	25 44 10	39 8 6	168 102 50	176 149 42
45 to 64 years65 years and over	685 574	62 13	52	65 40	333 255	173 266	333 478	33 87	47 95	59 127	94 58	100 111
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	44.5	35.3	40.7	44.7	50.0	57.3	29.6	30.6	35.9	34.0	28.4	28.5
1979 to Morch 1980	2 538 4 423	1 396 1 914	233 399	254 513	483 1 339	172 258	3 675 1 474	1 202 243	306 169	362 218	870 444	935 400
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 779 2 226 2 070	-	420	366 716	635 1 056	358 454 709	494 145 50	_	119	49 26	163 71 27	163 48 23
ROOMS	2 0/0	_	-	-	1 361	707	50	-	-	-	21	23
1 room 2 rooms	13 310	-	- - 55	7	4 6	- 127	132 525	34 310	8 9	21 80	12 147	91 255 433
3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms	1 504 2 729	28 256 518	184 180	41 93 270	49 686 1 323	137 285 438	1 492 2 113 900	319 834 197	225 177 113	168 178 102	347 468 341	456 147
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	2 307 6 169	544 1 964	154 479	216 1 222	1 069 1 737	324 767	335 341	34 27	42 20	39 67	140 120	80 107
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.3	7.0	6.2	7.2	5.8	5.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	4.1	3.5
O.50 or less	13 001 9 272	3 306 2 223	1 052 697	1 849 1 340	4 849 3 529	1 945 1 483	5 347 3 525	1 342 869	576 378	529 381	1 516 916	1 384 981
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	3 548 161 20	1 045 38	310 45	482 27	1 263 46 11	448 5	1 570 169 83	439 34	166 14 18	130 8 10	486 64 50	349 49
0.50 or less	35 10	4 4	-	=	25 6	6	491 291	103 41	18	126 118	59 28	1 85 95
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	25	Ξ	-	-	19	6	174 26	52 10	9	8 -	24 7	90
PERSONS IN UNIT		_										
2 persons	1 866 4 323 2 589	230 800 790	156 284 222	144 603 390	826 1 871 900	510 765 287	2 440 1 735 766	476 522 271	230 192 76	324 186 82	547 464 197	863 371 140
3 persons	2 539 1 228	916 420	218 126	411 235	802 345	192 102	553 233	142 34	50 22	39 16	191 113	131 48
6 or more persons	491 2.63	154 3.29	46 2.89	66 2.96	130 2.36	95 2.11	111 1.78	1.97	24 1.85	1.52	63 2.02	1.41
Total persons UNITS IN STRUCTURE	38 700	11 108	3 354	5 948	13 365	4 925	11 607	2 901	1 269	1 167	3 562	2 708
1, detoched or attoched	11 591 180	2 903	663	l 698 16	4 677 46	1 650 118	1 636 636	97 -	101 45	213 45	694 293	531 253
3 ond 45 to 9	175 94	13	8 7	11 7	26 65	117 15	1 115 527	483 105	34 62	130 54	242 150 97	226 156
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	180 - 816	58 - 336	60 - 314	9 108	9 _ 51	44 - 7	1 436 406 82	626 119 15	270 54 28	58 131 24	84 15	385 18
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS												1 6/0
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	13 036 1 538 10 279	3 310 460 2 617	1 052 174 850	1 849 258 1 560	4 874 225 4 152	1 951 421 1 100	5 838 1 418 2 815	1 445 505 594	594 254 293	655 100 468	1 575 172 851	387 609
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	302 546	212 9	14 8	11 10	26 301	39 218	399 630	303 26	17 30	12 32	39 320	28 222
Other means Air conditioning Central system	371 4 390 1 205	12 823 347	6 453 124	10 772 247	170 1 811 374	173 531 113	576 1 630 617	17 700 342	368 94	43 131 31	193 250 128	323 181 22
1 or more individual room units	3 185 13 036	476 3 310	329 1 052	525 1 849	1 437 4 874	418 1 951	1 013 5 838	358 1 445	274 594	100 655	122 1 575	159 1 569
Utility gasBottled, tonk, or LP gas	12 534 12	3 020	1 032	1 794	4 776 - 57	1 912	5 252 37 539	1 032	568 - 26	637 6 12	1 498 16 61	1 517 15 37
Fuel oil, kerosene, etcOther	437 - 53	278 - 6	14	49 _ _	41	39 - -	10	10		-		-
Percent below poverty level	455 3.5	55 1.7	33 3.1	54 2.9	166 3.4	147 7.5	794 13.6	93 6.4	104 17.5	92 14.0	249 15.8	256 16.3
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	509	37	20	25	237	190	847	98	128	171	191	259
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 043 607	89 66	99 68	72 54 33	457 273 198	326 146	1 070 566 452	179 123 60	61 24 26	86 70 65	351 158 97	393 191 204
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	471 1 301 1 857	71 219 404	58 90 128	193 351	548 747	111 251 227	909 717	277 265	61 67	67 45	250 215	254 125
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	3 604 2 366	1 162 823	266 183	544 322	1 257 816	375 222	744 313	240 81	129 59	98 47	177 104	100 22
\$50,000 or more Median	1 278 \$26 800 \$29 555	439 \$31 963 \$35 155	\$27 817 \$31 360	255 \$28 164 \$33 874	341 \$24 796 \$26 644	\$18 606 \$22 260	220 \$14 912 \$17 667	\$19 795 \$23 120	39 \$19 792 \$20 841	\$12 519 \$15 397	32 \$14 755 \$16 961	\$11 734 \$13 101
·········	φ£7 J33	400 100	\$31 300	\$33 U/4	\$20 O44	VII 200	417 007	420 120	420 041	7.0 0//		

Table B -8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Owner-occupied	housing units			,,, 500 H		Renter-occupie		opendixes A onc	1 B]	
Casper city	Total	1 unit, detoched or attached	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	13 036 153	11 59 1 36	629 117	816	5 838 78	1 636	636	1 115	527	1 436	406	82
Married-couple families 1.5 to 24 years 2.5 to 34 years 3.5 to 44 years 4.5 to 64 years 6.5 years and over	9 861 349 2 841 2 049 3 656	9 126 234 2 657 1 944 3 416	290 8 45 58 112	445 107 139 47 128	2 059 563 795 327 318	843 162 369 205 107	188 107 44 - 37	453 144 214 48 40	115 16 28 28 43	78 357 95 131 36 76	45 25 -	58 14 9 10
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	966 1 417 173 520 216 287 221	875 1 038 115 393 143 212	67 189 14 70 23 50	24 190 44 57 50 25	728 728 755 155 165	404 150 184 35 35	218 87 113 8	7 429 184 145 60 28	226 84 80 6 21	19 550 205 196 46 72	20 83 9 37	15 10 9 - -
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over	1 758 43 238 218 685	175 1 427 5 169 187 591	32 150 - 11 9 50	14 181 38 58 22 44	116 1 860 511 400 138 333	389 65 96 32 127	10 230 113 - 60 5 52	12 233 67 58 26 53	35 1 86 37 60 25 28	31 529 184 116 50 55	28 278 30 10	15 15 -
YEAR HOUSEHOLDED MOVED INTO UNIT	574 44.5	475 44.8	80 54 .7	19 32.5	478 29.6	69 30.1	25.4	29 28.8	36 30.9	124 29.3	18 220 70.5	31.7
1979 to Morch 1980	2 538 4 423 1 779 2 226 2 070	2 158 3 914 1 491 2 121 1 907	115 176 105 70 163	265 333 183 35 -	3 675 1 474 494 145 50	923 508 113 77 15	436 131 50 7 12	860 178 51 26	286 125 93 - 23	1 011 312 104 9	109 196 75 26	50 24 8 -
1 room	4 13 310 1 504 2 729 2 307	4 7 126 956 2 283 2 244	6 81 148 159	103 400 287	132 525 1 492 2 113 900	10 45 167 380 512	- 62 162 270 76	42 251 638 145	93 191 189 49	104 189 423 583 103	10 79 283 24	8 15 15 29 15
/ or more rooms	6 169 6.3	5 971 6.6	56 179 5.0	19	335 341 3.9	239 283 - 4.9	30 36 3.8	17 22 3.9	5 - 3.4	3.5	10 2.9	3.6
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.51 or more	13 001 9 272 3 548 161	11 587 8 325 3 138 104	598 478 120	816 469 290 57	5 347 3 525 1 570 169	1 636 919 594 79	568 378 147 18	958 653 272 27	527 400 127	1 303 931 327 45	273 210 63	82 34 40
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	20 35 10 25	20 4 4 - -	31 6 25	-	83 491 291 174 26	44 - - - -	25 68 22 39 7	6 157 86 52 19		133 68 65	133 115 18	8 -
BEDROOMS None	10	4	. 6	-	- 295	- 19	- 8	- 5	- 27	189		-
2	383 3 049 5 292 3 200 1 102	240 2 299 4 835 3 129 1 084	95 304 141 65 18	48 446 316 6	2 037 2 454 810 179 63	270 592 554 138 63	214 284 102 28	314 740 56 -	261 212 27 -	630 577 27 13	39 318 39 10	8 30 10 34
Less than \$5,000	509 1 043 607	437 861 451	39	33 89 83	847 1 070 566	138 250 163	84 126 57	91 134 64	96 95 99	186 359	237 87	15
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$50,000 or more	471 1 301 1 857 3 604 2 366 1 278	372 1 089 1 627 3 298 2 273 1 183	93 73 25 63 66 168 52 50	74 149 164 138 41 45	452 909 717 744 313 220	131 319 206 262 138 29	93 103 72 31 33 37	92 201 203 197 53 80	21 20 98 63 7	154 92 241 124 168 66	20 23 - - 23 16	9 25 14 -
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$26 800 \$29 555	\$27 766 \$30 460	\$21 920 \$23 094	\$19 242 \$21 672	\$14 912 \$17 667	\$17 086 \$18 839	\$13 871 \$17 391	\$19 355 \$21 478	\$11 831 \$16 681	\$13 016 \$17 020	\$4 465 \$7 558	\$11 944 \$12 353
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	13 036 1 538 10 279 302 546	11 591 1 334 9 124 283 525	6 29 190 361 19 13	816 14 794 - 8	5 838 1 418 2 815 399 630	1 636 99 1 058 50 280	636 46 358 25 146	1 115 203 487 223 129	527 142 243 12 47	1 436 716 437 45 28	406 212 165 29	82
Central system	371 4 390 1 205 12 827 2 669	325 3 649 985 11 391 2 245	46 241 61 620 239	500 159 816 185	576 1 630 617 5 272 2 609	149 259 49 1 588 597	61 47 11 586	73 1 84 52 1 072	83 127 61 449	210 786 327 1 263	154 94 232	73 23 82
2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	10 158 13 036 12 534 12 437	9 146 11 591 11 139 10 389	381 629 589 -	631 816 806 2 8	2 663 5 838 5 252 37 539	991 1 636 1 579	357 229 636 606	440 632 1 115 767 31	305 144 527 502 6	755 508 1 436 1 354	131 101 406 377	24 58 82 67
Other	53 13 036	53 11 591	629	816	10	57	30	307 10	19 - -	82 _ _	29 _ _	15
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	12 027 41 968	10 696 39 856 -	590 39 -	741 2 73	5 838 5 036 49 753	1 636 1 537 11 88 -	636 582 - 54 -	1 115 769 22 324	527 483 16 28	1 436 1 250 186	406 333 - 73	82 82 - -
With own children under 18 years	10 821 5 764 2 593	9 912 5 342 2 371	345 122 52	564 300 170	2 628 1 500 953	1 017 735 449	308 189 120	529 248 186	171 67	471 210	65 20	67 31
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Nonfamily householder Income in 1979 below poverty level	702 435 99 2 215	580 348 62 1 679	43 13 6 284	79 74 31 252	421 314 155 3 210	127 73 33 619	89 64 15 328	36 36 23 586	29 42 35 12 356	133 107 86 52 965	20 20 20 20 20 341	16
Percent below poverty level	455 3.5	395 3.4	15 2.4	45 5.5	7 94 13.6	179 10.9	100 15.7	97 8.7	66 12.5	176 12.3	166 40.9	15 10 12.2

Table B -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Data are estima	ies based on a s	iampie, see inm	oduction. For me	aning or symbols,	see Introduction	n, For Deminimon	s or remis, see	appenaixes A a	ua o j	
Casper city	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	13 036 594	1 866	4 323 274	2 589 120	2 539 84	1 228 76	314 14	145 26	32	2.63 2.69	38 700 1 959
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms	327 1 504	144 489	90 680	39 189	38 100	7 30	16	-	9 –	1.72	663 3 167
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms	2 729 2 307 2 097	515 332 182	1 010 833 638	593 414 509	381 512 505	177 155 183	34 39 58	19 17 22	5	2.34 2.49 2.95	7 206 6 515 6 515
8 or more rooms	4 072 6.3	204 5.1	1 072 6.0	845 6.6	1 003 7.0	676 7.7	167 7.6	87 8.0	18 7.7	3.40	14 634
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	13 001 12 820 161	1 866 1 866	4 311 4 311	2 576 2 576	2 529 2 491 34	1 228 1 191 30	314 264 50	145 109 36	32 12 11	2.63 2.59 5.83	38 581 37 608 857
1.51 or more	20 35 35	-	12 12	- 13 13	10 10	7	-	-	9 -	5.36 2.92 2.92	116 119 119
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more UNITS IN STRUCTURE	-	-	Ξ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	11 591 629 816	1 451 240 175	3 833 180 310	2 323 136 130	2 351 51 137	1 160 17 51	309	132 - 13	32	2.72 1.91 2.25	35 105 1 368 2 227
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units	11 179	1 375	3 690	2 279	2 247	1 115	309	132	32	2.73	33 922
Less than \$10,000	18 62 175 346	28 58 133	10 28 84 113	26 39	- 6 7	-	-	- - - 5	- - 14	2.40 1.61 1.85	49 162 328 771
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	984 1 730 4 096	223 290 448	445 610 1 300	172 172 348 844	86 283 903	28 20 148 410	20 28 144	11 23 42	7 5	1.85 2.10 2.44 2.86	2 410 4 892 12 629
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	2 239 1 256 273	133 51	667 346 87	495 275 72	593 301 61	266 213 30	57 48 5	28 16	- 6	3.15 3.34 3.03	7 086 4 510 1 085
MedianSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$70 900	\$58 200	\$68 600	\$74 600	\$75 800	\$77 100	\$71 700	\$68 900	\$46 400	•••	
All income levels in 1979 Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	13 036 \$26 800	\$12 500	4 323 \$26 225	2 589 \$29 867	\$2 539 \$29 705	\$31 300	\$31 636	\$30 938	\$28 750 15.0	2.63	38 700
household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged	18.8 18.8 10— 455	19.0 24.6 12.6 142	16.5 10— 151	16.6 18.1 10— 63	19.8 20.6 10— 52	17.6 17.9 10—	17.1 18.1 10—	16.8 18.6 10—	16.4 10-	2.07	
Median income	\$3 600 50+	\$2 664 50+	\$3 444 48.5	\$4 236 34.5	\$5 588 50+	\$5 865 50+	\$6 250 50+		\$11 250 45.0		
With a mortgageNot mortgaged	50 + 29.0	50+ 43.2	50+ 23.9	50+ 26.9	50+ 50+	50+ 22.5	50+ -	-	45.0	•••	
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	5 838 951	2 440 -	1 735 621	766 197	553 50	233 43	10 -	59 30	42 10	1 .78 2.27	11 607 2 375
ROOMS	132 525	114 397	8 65	10 50	5	- 8	-	-	-	1.08 1.16	162 709
4 rooms	1 492 2 113 900	993 657 169	362 862 306	108 272 215	29 222 121	76 50	- 10	18 10	6 19	1.25 1.96 2.42	2 225 4 314 2 156
6 rooms	335 341 3.9	59 51 3.2	64 68 4.0	70 41 4.3	72 104 4.7	49 50 5.1	5.0	12 19 5.6	9 8 5.3	3.14 3.60	989 1 052
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	5 347 5 095	2 141 2 141	1 624 1 616	704 651	543 519	224 149	10	59 19	42	1.83 1.75	10 846 9 625
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	169 83 491	299		43 10 62	19 5 10	67 8 9	10 - -	22 18	8 34 -	4.84 7.08 1.32	756 465 761
1.00 or less	465 26 -	299 - -	111	55 7 -	10	- 9 -	=		- -	1.28 4.10	651 110 -
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached	1 636 636	378 250	464 172	264 86	293 70	160 30	_ 10	35 18	42	2.45 1.90	4 320 1 310
3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	1 115 527 1 436	419 262 799	383 181 430	197 44 149	86 40 39	24 - 19	-	6 - -	-	1.86 1.51 1.40	2 062 899 2 305
50 or more	406 82	317 15	· 69 36	20 6	25	-	-	-	-	1.14 2.22	528 183
Specified renter-occupied housing units less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	5 813 246 315	2 440 233 210	1 730 13 60	761 - 27	553 - 6	233	10	53 - 12	33	1.77 1.03 1.25	11 410 302 489
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	525 624 726	356 393 419	73 121 197	55 71 58	22 32 31	9 7 9	10 - -	- - 6	- - 6	1.24 1.29 1.37	775 927 1 252
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	774 822 1 146	301 256 183	339 325 412	69 134 263	52 55 192	13 43 88	-	- 8	9	1.75 1.98 2.45	1 326 1 609 2 831
\$500 or more No cash rent Median	484 151 \$326	39 50 \$250	145 45 \$356	63 21 \$384	147 16 \$437	45 19 \$430	- \$195	\$500+	\$500+	3.42 2.07	1 537 362
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income	5 838 \$14 912	2 440 \$9 352	1 735 \$18 055	766 \$20 329	553 \$19 547	233 \$18 264	10 \$32 500	59 \$24 097	42 \$36 765	1.78	11 607
Median gross rent as percentage of household income	25.4 794 \$2 942	28.5 463 \$2500—	23.5 112 \$3 431	19.9 90 \$5 185	27.5 81 \$6 086	30.5 36 \$6 618	10-	18.8 6 \$6 250	24.1 6 \$8 750	1.36	
Median gross rent as percentage of household income	50+	50+	50+	50+	50+	50+	-	50+	32.5	•••	•••

Table B-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

age di 5

t: 32-0

			Media	#	58.2 42.0 36.1	± : ‡	4.07	i i	38. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4.	94.5 42.5 57.7	55.23 5.7.8.8.3 5.7.8.8.3	67.5	29.6 32.6 26.4 28.6 31.4	35.5	29.5 30.6 32.3 27.9	27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 45.3
			65 years and over	574	44. 106. 	1.14	574	1	\$55 7 1 E 20 1 E	33°+ 62	3-3252	9.4	55 25		373	478 355 556 556 557 557 557 557 557 557 557 5
		and present	45 to 64 years	589	416 174 47 6	1.32	685	1	312 312 313 313 313 313 313 313 313 313	50 - 259 711	-28252	6.01	333 216 34 9	1.27 469	321	33 33 34 35 56 53 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54
		일	35 to 44 years	218	5888E85	3.10 758	218	i.	187 28 28 27 23 23 23 23	56 27.3 15 5	, , , , , ,	' -0I	92 98 126	1,49 316	138 0 - 1	138 10 20 20 15 7 7 7 45 45 45
1980		Female hous	years	238	£624 1882 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	1.98 553	238	ı	158 158 17 17 25 5	28.9 1 1 1	11111	11 8	228 104 104 138 138	1.38	370	6 2 8 8 2 4 2 8 8 8 1 0.00 1
Units:		- =	4	a	22	1.52	हि।।	1	ا إ إ ا معمه	0.55	+++++	'' 5	1 28839	719	\$=1	511 777 747 747 740 86 60 86
ng	ond 6)	65 years	and over	22	13 208	222	221	,	60 40 40 13 13 18	17.3 17.3 31 38	800015	13.8	<u>%</u> ~	 	8 10 1	31. 2.2. 2.2. 2.2. 2.2. 2.2. 2.2. 2.3. 2.2. 2.3. 2. 2.3. 2.3. 2.3. 2.3. 2.3. 2.3. 2.3. 2.3. 2.3. 2.3. 2.3. 2.3. 2.3.
	Dresent	45 to 64	years	287	193 185 193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193	1.24 463	281		20 112 35 35 35 35 35 35 35	18.0 28.8 83.8 9	* * * * * * * *	-01 -05	133 14 1	1.12 238	. 288°	165 46 46 15 15 16 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18
3		35 to 44	years	216	25 26 27 27	.49 43 9	216		138 128 128 128 128 128 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 13	21.8 12 12		-01 155	2288111	1.14	13	188 50 50 50 45 17.2
0		25 to 34	Yeors	520	272 1655 258 256 25	875 875	520 8 		36.33 36.33 37.85 37.85 38.35 38 38.35 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	21.9		-01 755	469 199 65 10 12	1.30 1.136	720 12 35 7	755 170 170 170 183 20.2 20.2
UWNET- and Is, see Introduction. For		15 to 24		<u> </u>	4 4 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 4 9 9 9 9 9		173		108 14 17 17 17	21.5	1111	12.5	332 327 45 17	0. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	657 7 17	728 88 105 103 103 21 26.9
Symbo		65 years	ě	8	26 26 26 5 5 5	2 207	960		25.5 24.5 33.3 68.6 68.6	20.8 584 337 118 98	V 1820 1	0 %	181111	120	æ ı∞ı	56 6 15 15 17 17 18
= 5		45 to 64 years	3 454	8	1 864 1 003 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201	10 481	3 637 33 19		2 304 1 545 1 545 2 16 2 16 6 1 3 6	782 782 676 19 12	ΣαιΣι	318	25 39 39 39 39	892	0 1 8 1	318 87 87 87 95 20 20 11 11 17.8
Introduction. For meaning	Married-couple families	35 to 44 years	2 049		203 372 712 482 280 4.13	8 970	2 045 65 1		1 891 1 789 675 443 308 214 82 67	17.5 102 13 13	180111	327	25.55 1 2 2 2 3 2 1 1 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 3 3 3	1 281	28 8 1 1	25.23333552455 24.233335524553
a sample, see	Mai	25 to 34 years	2 841		524 679 1 059 480 99 99	10 308	2 847 70 1 -		2 568 2 464 447 447 379 318	22.5 104 66 8 8 7	S	795	257 197 219 219 22 23	2 394	4×85	25. 25. 26. 26. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27
Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning		15 to 24 years	8		2.77 2.77 2.77		A		22 22 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2	25.9 14 8 8	0 0	563	304 135 98 10 10 2.43	1 411	¹ 38.4.∞	563 1244 1344 1368 1371 14.0
[Dato are est		Totol	13 036	,	4 323 2 589 2 589 1 228 1 228 2 63 3 700	9 E	5 8 8 8 8 7		11 179 8 711 3 093 1 673 1 539 961 456 979	18.8 2 468 1 541 367 216	58835	5 838	2 440 1 735 766 553 233 1.78	5 347	252	5 813 934 1 016 793 644 460 773 218 25.4
	Casper rity		Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT	2 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 of more persons Median Toral persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room MODTGACE STATIS AND SELECTED	OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent 36 percent Most computed	Vor montgeged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	2.5 to 29 percent 3.0 as 4 percent 3.5 percent or more Not computed Median	Renter-occupied housing units	1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Median	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	Locking complete pulmbing for exclusive use- Locking complete pulmbing for exclusive use- Locking complete pulmbing for exclusive use- Locking for the present of the pulmbing for exclusive use- Locking for the pulmbing for exclusive use- Locking for the pulmbing for the pulmbin	Specified renter-occupied housing units 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent 35 to 49 percent Not computed Median
00					uw4n∞≨5	a 8	2 2		\$	\$	NMMZ₹	PER		Comp	GRO!	Less 1 15 to 20 to 25 to 30 to 35 to 50 per Not co Median

Table B-11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

				Male hous	eholder					Female hour	seholder		
Casper city	Tatal	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	1 866	879	94	272	112	193	208	987	21	87	16	416	447
PLUMBING FACILITIES Camplete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 866	879 —	94	272	112	193	208	987	21	87 _	16	416	447
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more	1 451 240	641 142	68 14	192 44	78 15	141 37	162 32	810 98	5	57 5	16	350 35	382 58
Mabile home ar trailer, etc	175	96	12	36	19	15	14	79	16	25	-	31	7
Less than \$5,000	276 421 236	56 69 114	21	36	=	12 9 29	60 28	220 352 122	8 8 5	17 29	10	34 136 69	163 191 19
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	144 256 192 235	52 143 172 207	17 13 23 13	5 26 78 93	21 38 33	10 51 22 55	20 32 11 13	92 113 20 28	Ē	20 11	6	56 57 14 16	16 39 6
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 Median	64 42 \$12 500	36 30 \$20 140	\$18 333	18 16 \$24 250	6 14 \$24 423	\$18 750	\$10 000	28 12 \$8 781	\$8 281	\$11 853	\$4 500	28 6 \$11 377	\$6 260
Mean	\$15 970	\$21 413	\$19 281	\$26 864	\$31 887	\$19 751	\$11 151	\$11 123	\$6 957	\$11 994	\$9 280	\$14 074	\$8 469
OWNER COSTS Specified awner-occupied housing units With a mortgage	1 375 732	622 405	61 47	186 175	78 78	141 71	156 34	753 327	5 5	51 51	16 16	335 170	346 85
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	158 81 51	39 23 39	5 - -	16	10	18 23 -	16	119 58 12		6	-	76 37 7	37 21
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	22 56 136	11 18 84	- 7 13	6 - 56	11 6	- - 9	5	11 38 52	- - 5	5 12 6	10	- 8 22	- 8 19
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	124 35 69	106 35 50	7 _ 15	58 18 21	31 11 9	10 6 5	-	18 - 19	-	12 ~ 5	-	6 - 14	-
Median Net mortgaged Less than \$50	\$398 643 6	\$488 217 6	\$494 14 -	\$516 11	\$539 _ _	\$238 70	\$254 122 6	\$238 426	\$425 - -	\$390 	\$360	\$212 165	\$213 261
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	158 252 156	61 78 36	14	11 - -	=	21 25 9	29 53 13	97 174 120	=	-	Ē	42 53 56	55 121 64
\$125 to \$149	46 20 5	31 5 -	=	=	=	15 _ _	16 5 -	15 15 5	=	=	=	6	9 5
\$250 ar more	\$91	\$88	\$113	\$63 -	-	\$89	\$87	\$92	=	-	-	\$94	\$91
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979 With a mortgage	19.0 24.6	1 9.0 23.8	23.8 27.0	24.4 25.1	22.1 22.1	11.7 19.3	1 5.3 18.5	1 9.0 28.1	45.0 45.0	36.5 36.5	50 + 50 +	16.5 19.2	19.4 50+
Not mortgaged	12.6 142 7.6	10.0 22 2.5	12.5 - -	10— - -	-	10— 12 6.2	14.0 10 4.8	13.9 120 12.2	- 8 38.1	5.7	-	11.3 34 8.2	16.1 73 16.3
Renter-occupied housing units	2 440	1 164	332	469	121	133	109	1 276	309	228	70	216	453
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 141 299	1 019 145	277 55	450 19	89 32	104 29	99 10	1 122 154	290 19	198 30	70 -	216	348 105
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	378 250	159 133	45 45	65 70	30 8	19	10	219 117	28 76	38 21	9	87 15	57
3 and 4 5 to 9 10 ta 49	419 262 799	264 133 416	82 32 119	105 59 157	37 - 46	28 14 63	12 28 31	155 129 383	34 30 116	29 45 85	20 13 23	48 13 35 18	24 28 124
50 or more Mabile home or trailer, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	317 15	59 -	9 -	13	Ξ	9 -	28	258 15	10 15	10		18	220
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$10,000 to \$12,490 \$10,000 to \$12,490 \$10,000 to \$12,490 \$10,000 to \$12,490 \$10,000 to \$12,400 \$10,000 \$10	672 627 240	195 196 112	59 116 39	55 16 73	10	41 21	30 43	477 431 128	98 124 37	28 61 47	8 37 13	58 70 10	285 139 21
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	246 259 219	161 165 177	39 35 37	58 98 93	22 27 36	20 5 5	22	85 94 42	41	14 54 24	12	30 20 9	8 -
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	93 36 48	82 28 48	7	55 12	9 -	11 8 22	8	11 8	<u>-</u>	-	=	11 8	=
Median	\$9 352 \$11 693	\$13 727 \$15 684	\$9 598 \$10 661	\$17 257 \$17 701	\$20 104 \$22 334	\$13 062 \$19 283	\$6 856 \$10 534	\$6 890 \$8 051	\$6 883 \$7 506	\$11 330 \$11 709	\$8 611 \$8 777	\$9 020 \$11 142	\$4 344 \$4 996
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	2 440 233	1 164 40	332	469	121	133 9	109 31	1 276 193	309	228 18	70	216 31 9	453 135 135
\$100 ta \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	210 356 393	52 170 188	22 40 57	85 73 91	9 22 39	20 13 17 13	10 23 19	158 186 205 201	14 56 47 84	39 32 69	17 20 15	34 71	40 35 24
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	419 301 256 183	218 147 154 141	69 41 22 62	75 90 55	15 8 19	8 22 5	6 8 12	154 102 42	66 20 13	28 42	8 - 5	17 22 17	35 18 7
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Median	39 50 \$250	39 15 \$277	19 - \$284	\$293	\$269	11 15 \$262	- \$166	35 \$217	\$265	- \$267	5 \$219	5225	24 \$118
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in	28.5	23.2	34.4	21.1	18.7	21.1	30.3	34.3	46.1	29.1	41.5	29.8	32.9
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	463 19.0	178 15.3	59 17.8	46 9.8	10 8.3	33 24.8	30.3 30 27.5	285 22.3	65 21.0	28 12.3	8 11.4	45 20.8	139 30.7

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

			, o dampie, s	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions	of terms, see ap	pendixes A ond	l B)	
Casper city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to	6 6 or mo		Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6	6 or more
Vacant for sale only housing units	330	159	10	3 6			monnts	months	months
ROOMS				°	Vacant for rent housing units	- 621	473	105	43
1 to 3 rooms			1		ROOMS				
4 100115	39	28	1	- .	1 room				
5 rooms	67 101	43 43 23 22	24	4 l .	3 rooms	- 43	43 54	_	
7 rooms	101	23	43	1:	14 100HS		54 151	42	-
Median	22 6.1	22 5.7	5.9	-	6 rooms	219	202	46 17	9 -
PLUMBING FACILITIES		3.7	3.9	6.9	7 or more roomsMedion		17 6 4.4	-	21 13
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	330	159	103	68	PLUMBING FACILITIES	7.5	4.4	3.7	6.1
BEDROOMS		_	_	-	Complete plumbing for exclusive use	436	200	,,,,	
None					Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	185	288 185	105	43
	17	-	_ 11	-	BEDROOMS	1			
3	35	35	_	-	None				- 1
4	167 117	59 65	77 15	31	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	14 117	14	-	-
5 or more		-	- 13	3/	3	439 51	312	105	22
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					45 or more	31	30	-	21
1975 to Morch 1980	153	58	57	20		-	-	-	-
1960 to 1969	33	58 22 23 56	11	-	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
	72	23 56	9	15	1975 to March 1980	281	260	,,]	
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	12	-	12		1960 to 1969	73	31	12 42	9
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	22	-	14	8	1950 to 1959	61 28	44 28	17	-
					1940 to 1949	67	20	34	13
1, detoched or attached 2 or more	307 23	159	103	45		111	90	-1	21
Mobile home or trailer	- 23	-	-	23	UNITS IN STRUCTURE	1			
HEATING EQUIPMENT				_	1, detached or attached	62	32	- 17	12
Central heating system	202	,			23 and 4	96 222	23 213	52	13 21
	323	152	103	68	10 to 49	35 75	35	-	9
None	-	-	-1			75 66	75 66	-	-
PRICE ASKED					Mobile home or troiler	65	29	36	-1
Specified vacant for sale only housing units	307	159	103	45	RENT ASKED				
\$10,000 to \$10,000	-	-	- 100	45	Specified vacant for rent housing units	(0)			
\$30,000 to \$30,000	_	-	-	-	100 to \$140	621 40	473 22	105 18	43
\$40,000 to \$49,000	14	,-	-	_ I	150 to \$199	27	27	-	-
\$60,000 to \$79,999	52	14 30	14	8 1	250 to \$299	66	66	_	-
	84 113	49	20			41 375	7	34	-
\$100,000 or more	44	22	47 22		400 or more	65	304 40	41 12	30 13
	\$80 600	\$73 900	\$89 700	\$74 800		\$347	\$353	\$301	\$353

Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

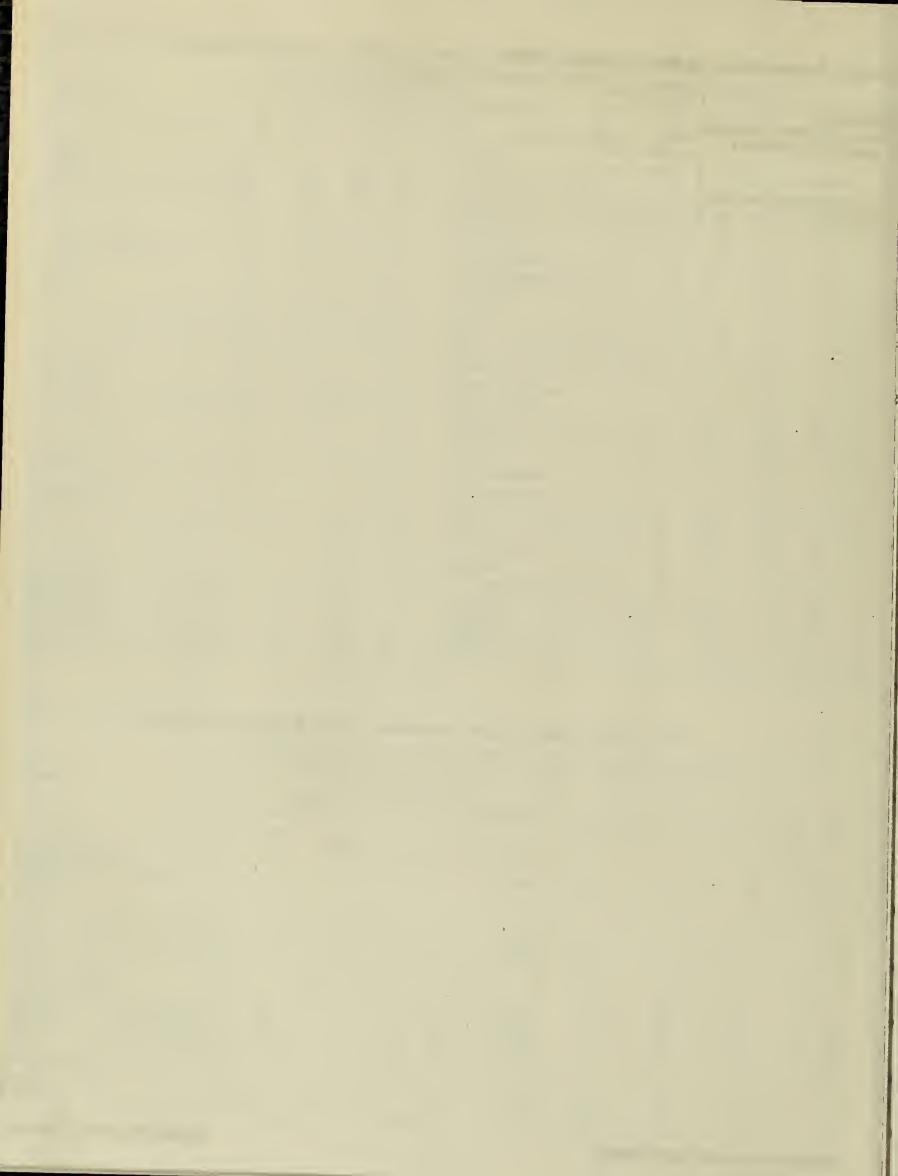
[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For

						mediang or a	yinbuis, see	introduction. Fo	or definitions	of terms, se	e oppendixe	s A ond B?		
Carnon air.		Price osked	Specified	vocant for s	sale only ho	using units		Rent asked—Specified vocant for rent housing units						
Casper city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Total	Less than	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to	\$400 or	Medion
Total	307			-						Ψ177	\$277	\$399	more	(dollors)
PLUMBING FACILITIES			_	14	249	44	80 600	621	40	34	107	375	65	347
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	307 -	Ξ	-	14	249	44 _	80 600	436 185	40	20 14	93	249	34	323
BEDROOMS								103	_	14	14	126	31	376
None	11 35 144 117			- 14 - -	11 21 137 80	- - 7 37	72 500 72 500 84 000 90 200	14 117 439 51	- 40 -	13 7 14	14 28 65 -	76 271 28	- - 56 9	213 320 360 321
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT						-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Ξ	=
1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	137 33 38 65 12 22	-	-	14	115 11 38 51 12	22 22 - - -	92 000 106 300 59 100 67 100 85 000	281 73 61 28 67	22 18 - - -	- - - - 13 21	- 3 14 - 41	213 52 47 22	46 - - 6 13	372 325 338 382
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					Z.E	_	57 500	111	-	21	49	41	-	285 237
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or troiler	307 			14 	249	44 	80 600	62 494 65	- 40 -	13 21	3 90 14	24 312 39	22 31	374 351

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Housing	units
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	
The SMSA	28 493	13.9
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's		
Cosper city	20 259	13.1



Appendix A. — Area Classifications

REGIONS	A-
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REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nonmetropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the Federal Register on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

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ing Houses, Etc	B-2	Passenger Elevator	B-6
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holders of Spanish Origin			
and Householders of		GENERAL	
Spanish Heritage	B-5		
UTILIZATION		The 1980 census was conducted pr	imarily
CHARACTERISTICS	B-6	through self-enumeration. The pr	

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters - Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing.characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved. although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for ren't or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data or race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the persor listed in column 1 of the census question naire (see appendix E). The concept o race as used by the Census Bureau reflect: self-identification by respondents; it doe: not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian were classified as "American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder -- Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such. differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion—38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish! Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin—A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data "

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage - The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment-Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available—Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks.

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value — Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only

one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix E).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income In 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

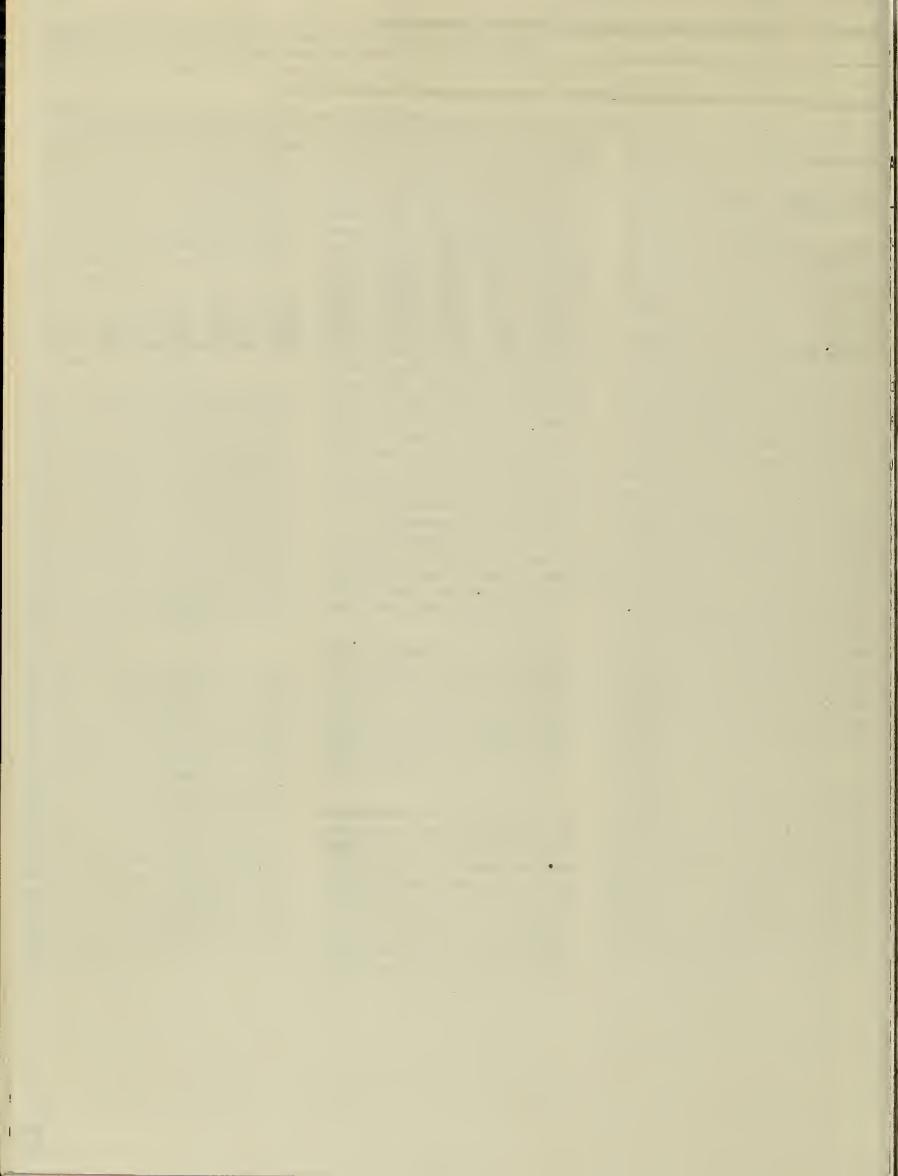
Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas; PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

atus of Post In Hote	Weighted			R	elated chi	ldren unde	r 18 years			
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686	• • •	• • •			* * *			
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	• • •							
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •		• • •	•••
2 persons	4,723	4,723	• • •	• • •	• • •					
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000							
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	•••
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844						
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382					
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525				
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512			
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429		
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024



Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which

they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

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INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because hey are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The simpling error in the data arises from the s lection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and p ocessing phases of the census. A more ditailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this apendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se and Se of estimates x and v:

Se
$$(x+y) = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of

five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county In small counties with a boundaries. sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

St	age I—Type of Household
Group	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Parana in Hawaina Unios Mich a
	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit
0 10	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit
	m modomig dime
	Persons in All Other Housing
	Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

1 Householder

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years of age
2	5 to 14 years of age
3	15 to 19 years of age
4	20 to 24 years of age
5	25 to 34 years of age
6	35 to 44 years of age
7	45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older
	Female ·
9-16	Same age categories as
	groups 1 to 8
	Persons Not of Spanish Origin
17-32	Same age and sex cate-
	gories as groups 1 to 16
	Black Race
33-64	Same age-sex-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 32
	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96	Same age-sex-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 32
	American Indian, Eskimo, or
07.400	Aleut Race
97-128	Same age-sex-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability

not listed above)

Other Race (includes those races

Same age-sex-Spanish origin

of selecting a person for the census sample.

129-160

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet criteria concerning the uncertain weighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family
	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Housing Units With a Family
	Without Own Children Under 1
6-10	2 persons in housing unit

All Other Housing Units 11 1 person in housing unit 12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

in housing unit

through 8 or more persons

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

Same value categories -16 as groups 1 to 8 Black Race Same value—Spanish origin 7-32 categories as groups 1 to 16 Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin 3-48 categories as groups 1 to 16 American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race 9-64 Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16 Other Race (includes those races not listed above) 5-80 Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16 Renter White Race Persons of Spanish Origin Rent Categories \$1 to \$59 23456789 \$60 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500+ 0 Other Renter No Cash Rent Persons not of Spanish origin 2-102 Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91 Black Race 03-124 Same rent-Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102 Asian, Pacific Islander Race 25-146 Same rent-Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102 American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race 47-168 Same rent-Spanish origin categories as groups 81

to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

- 1 Vacant for Rent2 Vacant for Sale
- 3 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for

households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. The allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated							\$1.70	of authio	cation area	2/				
Total 1/							3126	e or public	cation area	a				
,0.01	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000	-	-		-	-	-	-	~	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

^{1/} For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage						Base	of percen	tage 1/					
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	8.2	0.2

^{1/} For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

^{2/} The total count of housing units in the area.

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
University 4			
Household type	1.1	0.9	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.2	0.9	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.1	0.9	0.5
Tenure	1.1	1.0	0.5
Units in structure	1.1	0.9	0.5
Stories in structure	0.9	0.9	0.2
Passenger elevator	1.0	1.0	0.2
Persons in unit	1.1	1.0	0.5
Year structure built	1.1	0.9	0.5
Year householder moved into			0.0
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.2	- 1.0	0.5
Number of bedrooms	1.1	1.0	0.5
Rooms	1.1	1.0	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Air conditioning	1.3	1.0	0.6
Vehicles available	1.1	1.0	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	1.0	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household			0.7
income in 1979	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected			0.7
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household income	1.1	1.0	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.1	1.0	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for		. • 0	0.9
exclusive use with 1.01 persons per			
room or more	1.1	1.0	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5
			0.5

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- 2. Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

10. Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other wee	ek 2 '

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for individual well.

Orilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- **H20.** This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket (\{ \}) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school nr if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 4. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- 20. Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc. Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.
Unpaid volunteer work.
Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- 25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturin
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

 If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
- c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
- d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 12. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
- a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- e. Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.
 - Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
- 33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States

DO	A1	A2	A4	A5 L	A6

Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Form Approved O M B No 41-S78006 Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household.

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20

Mail back this form on Tuesday. April 1, or as soon afterward as you can Use the enclosed envelope. no stamp is needed

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- ·Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- · Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

• • • • •	-

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please

 answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only, and enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue

		PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2			
Here are the	These are the columns for ANSWERS	Last name	Last name			
QUESTIONS L	Please fill one column for each	First name Middle initial	First name Middle init			
2. Univida Abia	person listed in Question 1.					
in column 1 Fill one circle If "Other rela	tive" of person in column 1, ationship, such as mother-in-law,	START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1: Husband/wife Father/mother Son/daughter Other relative — Brother/sister If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other nonrelative Partner, roommate Paid employee			
3. Sex Fill one	circie.	O Male Female	O Male Female			
4. Is this perso	n —	○ White ○ Asian Indian	O White O Asian Indian			
Fill one circle		O Black or Negro O Hawaiian O Japanese O Guamanian O Chinese O Samoan O Filipino O Eskimo O Korean O Aleut O Vietnamese O Other — Specify Print tribe →	O Black or Negro O Hawaiian O Japanese O Guamanian O Chinese O Samoan O Filipino O Eskimo O Korean O Aleut O Vietnamese O Other — Specify — O Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →			
5. Age, and mo	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday f	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday			
a. Print age at i	last birthday.	1 • 8 0 5 0 5 0	1 0 8 0 0 0 0 0			
b. Print month	and fill one circle.	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0			
c. Print year in below each i	the spaces, and fill one circle number.	birth 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	birth 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
C. Beniani nana		3 33. 33.				
6. Marital statu Fill one circle		Now married	O Now married O Separated O Widowed O Never married O Divorced			
7. Is this perso origin or de Fill one circle		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	O No (not Spanish/Hispanic) O Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano O Yes, Puerto Rican O Yes, Cuban O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic			
9 Since Febru	ary 1, 1980, has this person					
attended re any time? kindergarten, ei	gular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, fementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	o ico, private, criaren iciatea	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related			
	highest grade (or year) of	Highest grade attended:	Highest grade attended:			
	pol this person has ever	O Nursery school O Kindergarten Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	O Nursery school O Kindergarten Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12			
If many stand	ling school mark and	00000000000	000000 00.000 0			
person is in. i	ling school, mark grade If high school was finished By test (GED), mark "12."	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school - Skip question 10	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school — Skip question 10			
	rean finish the highest	O. Al	C. Now attending this grade (or year)			
10. Did this pe grade (or y FIII one circ	rear) attended?	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)			

	NOW PLEASE ANSW	VER QUESTIONS H1-H12	1
PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than		
Lan north	please see note on page 20.	RHOUSEHOLD	
First name Middle initial	H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure	H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium?	
If relative of person in column 1:	if the person should be listed — for example, a new boby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here	O No	
O Husband/wife O Father/mother	once in a while and has no other home?	O Yes, a condominium	ı
○ Son/daughter ○ Other relative	○ Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out.	H10. If this is a one-family house -	L
O Brother/sister	O No	a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres?	
If not related to person in column 1:	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now —	Yes No	
O Roomer, boarder O Other nonrelative,	for example, on a vacation or in a hospital?	b. Is any part of the property used as a	
O Partner, roommate	Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away. No	commercial establishment or medical office? • Yes • No	
	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed?	H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium	
O Male Female	Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one	unit which you own or are buying -	
O White O Asian Indian	at the home address to report the person to a census taker.	What is the value of this property, that is, how	(
O Black or Negro O Hawaiian	O No	much do you think this property (house and lot or	9
O Japanese O Guamanian O Chinese O Samoan	H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this	condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?	
O Filipino O Eskimo	address?	Do not answer this question if this is -	(
O Korean O Aleut O Vietnamese O Other — Specify	One 2 apartments or living quarters	A mobile home or trailer A house on 10 or more acres	3
O Indian (Amer.)	3 apartments or living quarters	A house on 10 or more acres A house with a commercial establishment	1
Print tribe -	4 apartments or living quarters	or medical office on the property	
. Age at last c. Year of birth	5 apartments or living quarters 6 apartments or living quarters	○ Less than \$10,000 ○ \$50,000 to \$54,999	
birthday 1	7 apartments or living quarters	○ \$10,000 to \$14,999 ○ \$55,000 to \$59,999 ○ \$15,000 to \$17,499 ○ \$60,000 to \$64,999	L
1 • 8 0 0 0 0	8 apartments or living quarters 9 apartments or living quarters	○ \$17,500 to \$19,999 ○ \$65,000 to \$69,999	
9 0 1 0 1 0	10 or more apartments or living quarters	© \$20,000 to \$22,499	
birth 2 0 2 0	O This is a mobile home or trailer	○ \$22,500 to \$24,999 ○ \$75,000 to \$79,999	
3030	H5. Do you enter your living quarters —	○ \$25,000 to \$27.499 ○ \$80,000 to \$89,999 ○ \$27,500 to \$29,999 ○ \$90,000 to \$99,999	
5 0 5 0	Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall?	O \$30,000 to \$34,999 O \$100,000 to \$124,999	3
O Jan.—Mar. 6 0 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	O Through someone else's living quarters?	 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 	
O July—Sept. 8 O 8 O	H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters,	○ \$45,000 to \$49,999 ○ \$200,000 or more	
Oct.—Dec. 9 0 9 0	that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower?	H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters -	6
O Now married O Separated	Yes, for this household only	What is the monthly rent?	3
O Widowed O Never married O Divorced	Yes, but also used by another household	If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent.	
	No, have some but not all plumbing facilities No plumbing facilities in living quarters	O Less than \$50	L
O No (not Spanish/Hispanic)	H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters?	○ \$50 to \$59	
O Yes, Puerto Rican	Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, hells, or helf-rooms.	○ \$60 to \$69 ○ \$180 to \$189 ○ \$70 to \$79 ○ \$190 to \$199	
O Yes, Cuban	○ 1 room ■ ○ 4 rooms ○ 7 rooms	O \$80 to \$89	
O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	O 2 rooms O 5 rooms O 8 rooms	○ \$90 to \$99	
O No, has not attended since February 1	○ 3 rooms ○ 6 rooms ○ 9 or more rooms	○ \$100 to \$109	
O Yes, public school, public college O Yes, private, church-related	H8. Are your living quarters —	0 \$120 to \$129	
O Yes, private, not church-related	Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? Rented for cash rent?		
	Occupied without payment of cash rent?	○ \$140 to \$149	
lighest grade attended:	THE TOTAL THE TO	······································	
O Nursery school O Kindergarten Ilementary through high school (grade or year)	A4. Block A6. Serial B. Type of unit or quarters For vacant un		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	number number Occupied C1. Is this unit	t for = persons	
000000000000	O First form	i () lunto2 months ; ;	
Sollege (academic year)	O Continuation O Seaso	nail/Mig. — Skip C2,	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more	III IIII Vacant	Cartus O 6 up to 12 months I I I I	_
0000000	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 0 Regular O Forrer O Forsa		
O Never attended school - Skip question 10	I C LISURI DOMP 1	d or sold, not occupied 444	
O Now attending this grade (or year)	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	or occasional use E. Indicators 5.5.5 vacant 1.00 Mail return 6.6.6	
O Finished this grade (or year) O Did not finish this grade (or year)	G G G G G G Group quarters O Other	2000 000 5 222	
CENSUS	SSS SSS O Continuation	888	
USE ONLY OIONO	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	O No 00 999	

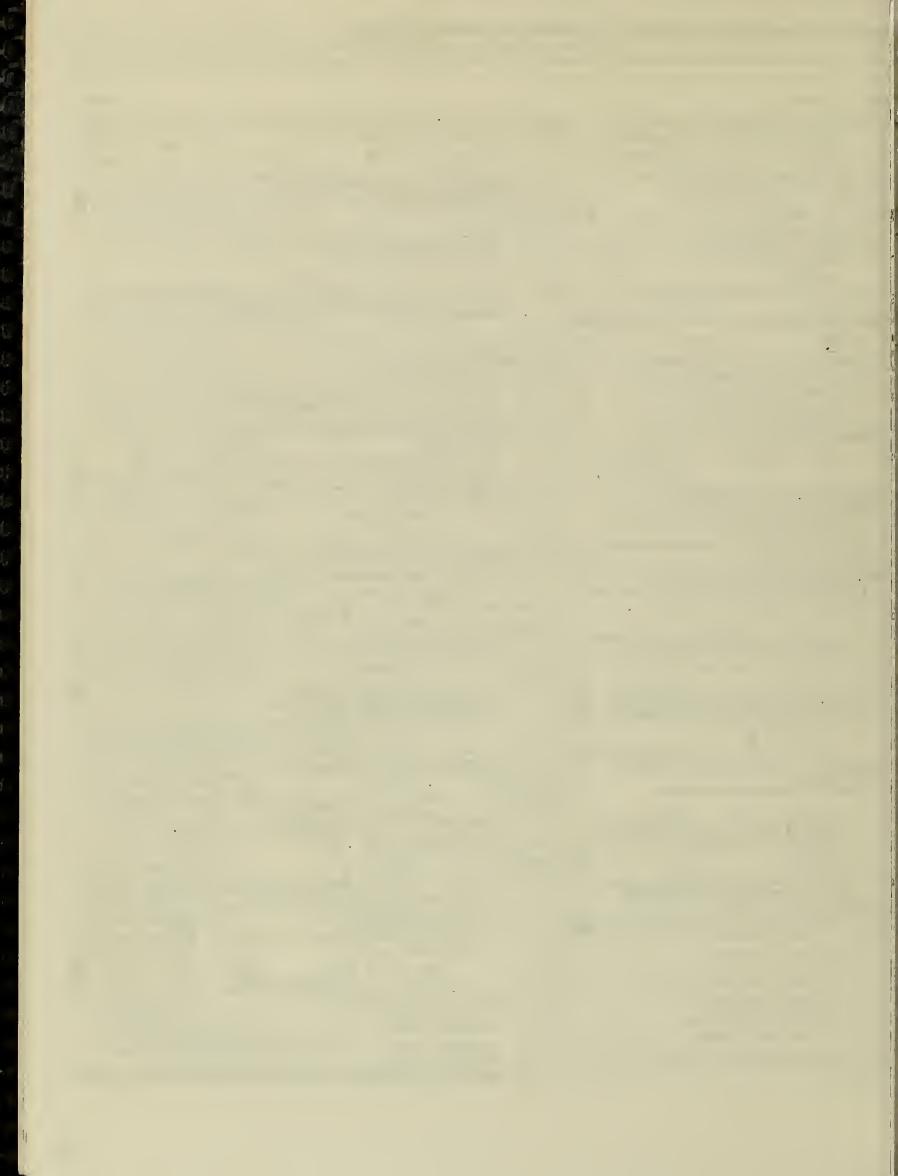
e 4	ALSO ANSWER THESE (
H13. Which best describes this building?	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSUS
Include all apartments, flats, etc., even If vacant.	O Gas: from underground pipes	H22a.
A mobile home or trailer A one-family house detached from any other house	serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Wood	
A one-family house attached to one or more houses	O Electricity O Other fuel	0 0 6
A building for 2 families	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	2 2 2
A building for 3 or 4 families		3 3 3
O A building for 5 to 9 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	9 9 9
O A building for 10 to 19 families	Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	5 5 5
O A building for 20 to 49 families	Serving the neighborhood O Wood	666
A building for 50 or more families	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP O Electricity O Other fuel	7 7 7
O A boat, tent, van, etc.	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	888
14a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	H22b.
Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purpose		000
○ 1 to 3 — Skip to H15 ○ 7 to 12	serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Wood	I, I
O 4 to 6 O 13 or more stories	O Electricity O Other fuel	3 3
	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	44
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?		5 5
O Yes O No	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	66
	a. Electricity S OO OR O Included in rent or no charge	? ?
15a. Is this building —	C Fleatricity and wood	8 8
On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16	Average monthly cost	9 9
On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	b. Gas s on or O Included in rent or no charge	H22c.
On a place of 10 or more acres?	Gas not used	00
	Average monthly cost	1 1
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	s s
from this place amount to —		3 3
O Less than \$50 (or None) O \$250 to \$599 O \$1,000 to \$2,499	Yearly cost	9 9
○ \$50 to \$249 ○ \$600 to \$999 ○ \$2,500 or more	d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5
16. Do you got water from	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	6 6
16. Do you get water from —	Yearly cost O These fuels not used	8 8
A public system (clty water department, etc.) or private company? An individual drilled well?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities	9 9
O An individual drined well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	H22d.
O Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	O Yes O No	
17 to this hullding connected to a public course.	1924 Many many badracers do you bayed	111
17. Is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have? Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	888
O Yes, connected to public sewer	O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms	3 3 3
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other means	O` 1 bedroom O 3 bedrooms O 5 or more bedrooms	444
The state of the s		555
18. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	666
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	A complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.	888
0 1979 or 1980 0 1960 to 1969 0 1940 to 1949	A helf bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	999
○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
O 1970 to 1974	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	
19. When did the person listed in column 1 move into	O 1 complete bathroom	
this house (or apartment)?	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	000
O 1979 or 1980 O 1950 to 1959	O 2 or more complete bathrooms	555
O 1975 to 1978 O 1949 or earlier	W26 De you have a telephone in your living guesters?	333
O 1970 to 1974 O Always lived here	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	944
O 1960 to 1969	O Yes O No	555
20. How are your living quarters heated?	H27. Do you have air conditioning?	666
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most,	O Yes, a central air-conditioning system	7 7 7
O Steam or hot water system	O Yes, 1 individual room unit	888
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	O Yes, 2 or more individual room units	2 9 9
(Do not count electric heat pumps here)	O No	000
O Electric heat pump	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	111
() Other huilt-in electric units (normanantly installed in well calling	of your household?	SSS
Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, celling,	JI JOSI HOUSONOIS.	333
or baseboard)		1
or baseboard)	O None O 2 automobiles	999
or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace		9 4 4 5 5 5
O Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	O None O 2 automobiles O 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6
or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable)	O None O 2 automobiles O 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7
O Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	O None O 2 automobiles O 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9

lease answer H30-H32 if you live in a one-family hous	24											
hich you own or are buying, <u>unless</u> this is —	se											
A mobile home or trailer)											
A house on 10 or more acres	// may of these //											
A condominium unit	If any of these, or if you multi-family structure, sk				. 6							
A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property	1			i io paga								
hat were the real estate taxes on this property last year	nr?	c. How r	nuch i	s your t	otal reg	gular n	nonthly	payment to	o the le	nder?		
								wase and to le	nders ho	iding		
\$.00 OR O None		Jecone	or juin	for morty	poges on	tins pr	operiy.					
		\$.0	0 0	R O	No regular	paymen	t requir		
hat is the annual premium for fire and hazard insuran	nce on this property?										P	94 (
		1	-	_				mount ente	red in H	132c) i	nclude	
\$.00 OR O None		paym	ients fo	or real (estate t	axes o	n this p	property?				
		0	Yes, ta	xes incl	uded in	payme	ent					
Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to pure debt on this property?	chase, or similar	0	No, tax	ies paid	separat	ely or	taxes no	ot required				
O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt								mount ente		132c) I	nclude	
O Yes, contract to purchase		рауп	nents fo	or fire a	nd hazi	ard ins	urance	on this pr	operty?			
O No - Skip to page 6		0	Yes, in	surance	include	d in p	ayment					
		0	No, ins	surance	paid se	paratel	y or no	insurance				
to you have a second or junior mortgage on this prope	erty?											_
O Yes O No												
								Please to	um to	page	6	
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Page 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FO
Name of Person 1 on page 2: Lest name First name Middle initial 11. In what State or foreign country was this person born? Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	16. When was this person born? Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33 Born April 1965 or later — Turn to next page for next person 17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces? Yes No No No No	22a. Did this person work at any time last week? O Yes — Fill this circle if this O No — Fill this circle person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.) Skip to 25
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc. 12. If this person was born in a foreign country — a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?	c. Working at a job or business? O Yes, full time O No O Yes, part time 18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military	b. How many hours did this person work <u>last week</u> (at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked. Hours
O Yes, a naturalized citizen O No, not a citizen O Born abroad of American parents b. When did this person come to the United States	service in the Armed Forces of the United States? If Service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see Instruction guide. O Yes O No — Skip to 19	23. At what location did this person work last week? If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.
to stay?	The Control of the period in thinas and periods	If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide. a. Address (Number and street) If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description.
b. What is this language? (For example - Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)	World War I (April 1917–November 1918) Any other time 19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which A limite the kind or appoint.	b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc. c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?
c. How well does this person speak English? O Very well O Not well O Well Not at all	a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?	O Yes O No, in unincorporated area
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. (For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran	20. If this person is a female - None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever o o o o o o had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren or children she has adopted.	
Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once O More than once	b. How did this person usually get to work <u>last week</u> ? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance.
If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. O Born April 1975 or later - Turn to next page for next person O Yes, this house - 5klp to 16	b. Month and year Month and year of marriage? of first marriage? (Month) (Year) (Month) (Year)	O Car O Taxicab O Truck O Motorcycle O Van O Bicycle O Bus or streetcar O Walked only O Railroad O Worked at home
 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? 	c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? O Yes O No	O Subway or elevated O Öther — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.
(1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.:	Per. 11. 13b. No. 000 000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	15b. 23. 0 VL 24a. 0 VL 1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
(2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.:	4 4 <th>3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3</th>	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.? O Yes No, in unincorporated area	7	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8

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Could this person have taken a job last week? O No, already has a job O No, betwooranly iii O No, thereporanly iii O No, thereporanly iii O No, thereporanly iii O 1979 O 1978 O 1970 to 1974 O 1999 O 1978 O 1970 to 1974 O 1990 O 1978 O 1970 to 1970	Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks	00	was this person looking for work or on t	ayoff from a job?	100	001	0000
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Or Manufacturing of Retail trade who what kind of business or industry was this? Now month of business or industry was this? Now month of whom which this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Force, print: "AF" and skip to question 31. Now month of business or industry was this? Now month of business latting the control of the print o		1				1	
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30. Current or most ecent job activity 21. Secretary this person's chief job activity or business int veek. his person worked the most hours. This person had no job or business last veek with the person had no job or business last week, give information for st job or business since 1975. 22. This person had no job or business last week, give information for st job or business since 1975. 23. What wind of business or industry was this? Person's moniformal person to make the most hours. The person had business or industry was this? Person's moniformal person to make the most hours, and the person where the person's moniformal, etc. 24. Count larm. 25. Count larm. 26. Count larm. 27. Count larm. 28. So the person do not business include camings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper. 29. No [Annual amount - Dollars] 29. No [Annual amount - D	O 1979 O 1975 to 1977 O 1969 or earlier Skip to			nuch dia this	32c.		32d.
30. Current or most recent job activity or business last week. Chils person had more than one job, describe the one of which is person when the most hours. If this person had more than one job, describe the one of which is person one job, describe the one of which is person when he most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give information for style or business last week, give information for style or business since 1975. Industry For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, grint "AF" and skip to question 31. No Yes \$ 00 No Annual amount - Dollars) Describe the activity at location where employed. If for example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, meil order house, auto employe make activity at location where employed. If this person because the activity and to carried the construction, service, government, etc.) What kind of work was this person doing? What were this person's most important activities or dulles? If or example: Potentic core, directing hiring policies, juperising of order department, genoline engine usernbler, grinder operator. If one circle, povernment employee contractions, goodine engine usernbler, grinder operator. If one circle person is most important activities or dulles? If one comple: Potentic core, directing hiring policies, juperising or indudual, for wages, salary, or commissions. If one circle person is most important activities or dulles? If one comple: Potentic core, directing hiring policies, juperising or indudual, for wages, salary, or commissions. If one circle person is most important activities or dulles? If one comple: Potentic core, directing hiring policies, juperising or indudual, for wages, salary, or commissions. If one complex person is most important activities or dulles? If one complex person	O Never worked			- 41 4	_	00	0000
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### Practice Report net income after business expenses. No Nes S S S S S S S S S	st job or business since 1975.						
For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and ship to question 31. [Name of company, business, or industry was this?	ndustry	1		•	-		
Armed Forces, print "AF" and ship to question 31. (Name of company, business, organization, or other employer) (Name of company, business, organization, o		000					
Name of company, business, organization, or other employer	·	0.00		.00			
What kind of business or industry was this? Describe the activity at location where employed. (For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Is this mainly (-fill one circle) Manufacturing			(Annual a	mount – Dollars)	1	A 0	O A
Report net Income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenent farmer or sharectopper.			c. Own farm		32e.		321.
What kind of business or industry was this? Describe the activity at location where employed. (For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, and out or engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing) Manufacturing	(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)		Report <u>net</u> income after operating expenses.	Include earnings as	00	001	0000
For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mall order house, auto engine manufacturing, beecklast cered manufacturing	· ·	9-11	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.		1	1 1	
For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of corder department, goodine engine ossembler, grinder operator) What kind of work was this person's most important activities or duties? What were this person's most important activities or duties? What was this person (Fill one circle) What was this person (Fill one circle) What was this person of manager, supervisor of corder department, goodine engine ossembler, grinder operator) What were this person's most important activities or duties? What were this person's most important activities or duties? U V W	Describe the activity at location where employed.		○ Yes → s	00	5	8 6 1	5 8
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Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

31	ENERAL	F-1	PUBLICATIONS-Con.	
y	JBLICATIONS	F-1	HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-	
	Population and Housing Census		tial Finance	F-4
	Reports	F-1	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary	
	PHC80-1, Block Statistics	F-1	Reports	F-4
	PHC80-2, Census Tracts	F-2	Evaluation and Reference	
	PHC80-3, Summary Charac-		Reports	F-4
	teristics for Governmental		PHC80-E, Evaluation and	
	Units and Standard Metro-		Research Reports	F-4
	politan Statistical Areas	F-2	PHC80-R, Reference Reports.	F-4
٦	PHC80-4, Congressional		PHC80-R1, Users' Guide	F-4
	Districts of the 98th		PHC80-R2, History	F-4
	Congress	F-2	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical	
	PHC80-S1-1, Provisional		Index of Industries and	
	Estimates of Social, Eco-		Occupations	F-4
	nomic, and Housing		PHC80-R4, Classified	
	Characteristics	F-2	Index of Industries and	
,-	mates of Social, Economic,		Occupations	F_4
	and Housing Characteristics.	E 2	PHC80-R5, Geographic	
	Population Census Reports		Identification Code	a
	PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	F-2	Scheme	
	teristics of the Population	E 2	COMPUTER TAPES	F-4
	PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-	F-2	Summary Tape Files	F-4
	ber of Inhabitants	E 2	STF 1	F-4
	PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	1 –2	STF 2	
ı	Population Characteristics	F-2	STF 3	
	PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	_	STF 4	
	Social and Economic		STF 5	
	Characteristics	F-3	Other Computer Tape Files	F-5
	PC80-1-D, Chapter D,		P.L. 94-171, Population	
	Detailed Population		Counts	F-5
	Characteristics	F-3	Master Area Reference Files	
*	PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject		1 and 2 (MARF)	F-5
	Reports	F-3	Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding	
	PC80-S1, Supplementary		(GBF/DIME)	F_5
	Reports		Public-Use Microdata	' '
	Housing Census Reports	F-3	Samples	F-5
	HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	E 2	Census/EEO Special File	F-5
	teristics of Housing Units	F-3	MAPS	
	HC80-1-A, Chapter A,		MICROFICHE	
	General Housing	F_3		
	Characteristics	1 –3	STF 1 Microfiche	C-2
	HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing		STF 3 Microfiche	F-5
	Characteristics	F-3	P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche	1 –3
	HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-			
	politan Housing			
	Characteristics	F_3	GENERAL	
	HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	, 3		_
	Reports	F-3	The results of the 1980 Census of	
	HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-		lation and Housing are issued in	
1		E 2	forms: printed reports, computer	tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

> Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics-These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

of Popuin three uter tape than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population-This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian preservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population. language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters. marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veteral. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject s shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for ural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

C80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-lassifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show tatistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska lative villages. Separate reports are issued in such subjects as racial and ethnic roups, type of residence, fertility, amilies, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, burney to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

C80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These eports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance— This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of non-farm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the. summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 3,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housng subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to hose with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the HC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5-This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and nousing subjects collected on a sample pass and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

L. 94-171, Population Counts—In acordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, he Census Bureau provides population abulations to all States for legislative eapportionment/redistricting. The file s issued on a State-by-State basis. It ontains population counts classified by ace and Spanish origin. The data are abulated for the following levels of eography as applicable: States, counties, ounty subdivisions, incorporated places, ensus tracts, blocks and block groups in locked areas, and enumeration districts n unblocked areas. For States participatng in the voluntary program to define lection precincts in conjunction with the ensus Bureau, the data are also tabuted for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

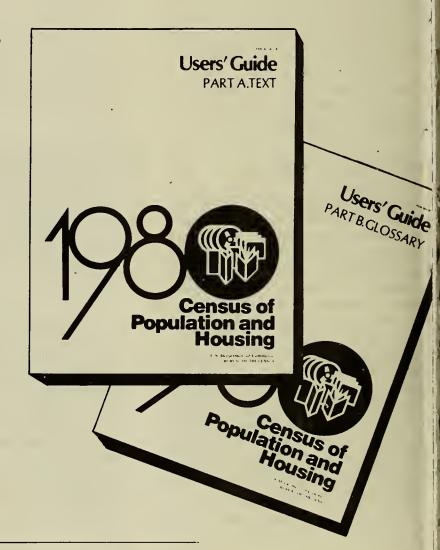
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text-Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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